



The quran Package^{*}

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Abstract

The `quran` package¹ has been developed for typesetting the Holy Quran. It offers several macros for typesetting not only the entire text or specific sections of the Holy Quran based on its traditional divisions, but also individual segments of an ayah. Additionally, the package supports four translations of the Holy Quran in German, English, French, and Persian, as well as its transliteration.² Please report any issues, including bugs or typos in the documentation, or submit feature requests at <https://github.com/javadr/quran/issues>.

^{*}To one who has devoted his life to the Holy Quran

[†]Initial release: June 1st, 2015

¹This work has been inspired by `lipsum` and `pTeX` packages and was initially released in June 2015 (Sha'ban 1436 AH).

²There are six companion packages, `quran-de`, `quran-ur`, `quran-bn`, `quran-id`, `quran-en`, and `quran-es`. These packages provide additional translations of the Holy Quran in German, Urdu, Bengali, Indonesian, English, and Spanish, respectively.

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1 Loading the Package

By default, the package typesets the Holy Quran in the riwayat of **Hafs** from ‘Asim (the text of Tanzil), which is the most widespread one. The **warsh** option switches to the riwayat of **Warsh** from Nafi’ (Section 4).

The package can be loaded using the standard command:

`\usepackage[option]{quran}`

All available options are explained in Section 3. Once the package is loaded, it will log some information about itself. The log entries will look something like this:

```
Package: quran 2026/10/28 v2.6
An easy way to typeset the whole or any parts of the Holy Quran
```

2 Typesetting the Holy Quran

To typeset any part or the entirety of the Holy Quran, the package provides several macros. These commands support typesetting various traditional divisions of the Holy Quran based on the Uthmani script, including Surah, Ayah, Page, Juz, Hizb, Quarter, Ruku, and Manzil, as well as specific segments of an Ayah.

2.1 Surah/Sovar

`\quransurah[<surah range>]`
`\quransurah*[<surah range>]`

This macro can typeset any Surah of the Quran. A *<range>* can be either a single *<number>* or two numbers separated by a dash (e.g., *<number₁>-<number₂>*). In `\quransurah` and similar commands, if *<range>* does not satisfy *<number₁>* < *<number₂>* within the valid domain, it may result in an error or produce undesired results. As there are a total of 114 Surahs, *<range>* should be an integer between 1 and 114.

The macro `\quransurah` terminates the typesetting of each Ayah with `\par` (depending on the package option), whereas `\quransurah*` uses a blank space between Ayahs. As a rule of thumb, `\quransurah` prints Ayahs as multiple paragraphs, while `\quransurah*` prints them as a single paragraph. All starred macros in the package function similarly. For further details, please refer to page 13.

The macro also accepts the anglicized title of a Surah. For instance, both `\quransurah[19]` and `\quransurah[Maryam]` produce the same result: Refer to Table 1 for instructions on using the anglicized title of a Surah instead of its numerical order. As some anglicized titles include a dash (-), the *<range>* should be separated by two dashes (--), for example, `\quransurah[An-Nasr--An-Naas]`.

The macro `\quransurah` without an optional argument outputs the default Surah of the package, Al-Ikhlaas, provided that this default has not been changed (see below).

warsh

`\quransurah[19]`
`\quransurah[Maryam]`

\quransurah [94]



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ
 أَلَمْ نَشْرَحْ لَكَ صَدْرَكَ ﴿١﴾
 وَوَضَعْنَا عَنكَ وِزْرَكَ ﴿٢﴾
 الَّذِي أَنْقَضَ ظَهْرَكَ ﴿٣﴾
 وَرَفَعْنَا لَكَ ذِكْرَكَ ﴿٤﴾
 فَإِنَّ مَعَ الْعُسْرِ يُسْرًا ﴿٥﴾
 إِنَّ مَعَ الْعُسْرِ يُسْرًا ﴿٦﴾
 فَإِذَا فُغَتْ فَأَنْصَبْ ﴿٧﴾
 وَإِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ فَارْغَب ﴿٨﴾

\quransurah [At-Tin]



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ
 وَالَّتَيْنِ وَالزَّيْتُونِ ﴿١﴾
 وَطُورِ سِينِينَ ﴿٢﴾
 وَهَٰذَا الْبَلَدِ الْأَمِينِ ﴿٣﴾
 لَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ فِي أَحْسَنِ تَقْوِيمٍ ﴿٤﴾
 ثُمَّ رَدَدْنَاهُ أَسْفَلَ سَافِلِينَ ﴿٥﴾
 إِلَّا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ فَلَهُمْ أَجْرٌ غَيْرُ مَمْنُونٍ ﴿٦﴾
 فَمَا يُكَذِّبُكَ بَعْدُ بِالذِّكْرِ ﴿٧﴾
 أَلَيْسَ اللَّهُ بِأَحْكَمِ الْحَاكِمِينَ ﴿٨﴾

\quransurah* [113-114]



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ قُلْ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِّ الْفَلَقِ ﴿١﴾ مِنْ شَرِّ مَا خَلَقَ ﴿٢﴾ وَمِنْ شَرِّ غَاسِقٍ إِذَا وَقَبَ ﴿٣﴾ وَمِنْ شَرِّ النَّفَّاثَاتِ فِي الْعُقَدِ ﴿٤﴾ وَمِنْ شَرِّ حَاسِدٍ إِذَا حَسَدَ ﴿٥﴾
 بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ قُلْ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِّ النَّاسِ ﴿١﴾ مَلِكِ النَّاسِ ﴿٢﴾ إِلَهِ النَّاسِ ﴿٣﴾ مِنْ شَرِّ الْوَسْوَاسِ الْخَنَّاسِ ﴿٤﴾ الَّذِي يُوَسْوِسُ فِي صُدُورِ النَّاسِ ﴿٥﴾ مِنَ الْغِيَةِ وَالنَّاسِ ﴿٦﴾

\quransurah [109-110]



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ
 قُلْ يَتَّخِذُ الْكَافِرُونَ ﴿١﴾
 لَا أَغْنِيُ مَا تَعْبُدُونَ ﴿٢﴾
 وَلَا أَنتُمْ عَابِدُونَ مَا أَغْنِيُ ﴿٣﴾
 وَلَا أَنَا عَابِدٌ مَّا عَبَدْتُمْ ﴿٤﴾
 وَلَا أَنتُمْ عَابِدُونَ مَا أَغْنِيُ ﴿٥﴾
 لَكُمْ دِينُكُمْ وَلِيَ دِينِ ﴿٦﴾
 بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ
 إِذَا جَاءَ نَصْرُ اللَّهِ وَالْفَتْحُ ﴿١﴾
 وَرَأَيْتَ النَّاسَ يَدْخُلُونَ فِي دِينِ اللَّهِ أَفْوَاجًا ﴿٢﴾
 فَسَبِّحْ بِحَمْدِ رَبِّكَ وَاسْتَغْفِرْهُ إِنَّهُ كَانَ تَوَّابًا ﴿٣﴾

\quransurah [Al-Masad--Al-Ikhlaas]



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ
 كَذَّبَ بِذَاتِ الْهَبِ وَتَبَ ﴿١﴾
 مَا أَغْنَىٰ عَنْهُ مَالُهُ وَمَا كَسَبَ ﴿٢﴾
 سَيَصْلَىٰ نَارًا ذَاتَ الْهَبِ ﴿٣﴾
 وَأَمْرًا لَهُ حَمَالَةَ الْخَطَبِ ﴿٤﴾
 فِي جِيدِهَا حَبْلٌ مِّن مَّسَدٍ ﴿٥﴾
 بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ
 قُلْ هُوَ اللَّهُ أَحَدٌ ﴿١﴾
 اللَّهُ الصَّمَدُ ﴿٢﴾
 لَمْ يَلِدْ وَلَمْ يُولَدْ ﴿٣﴾
 وَلَمْ يَكُن لَّهُ كُفُوًا أَحَدٌ ﴿٤﴾

\quransurah*



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ قُلْ هُوَ اللَّهُ أَحَدٌ ﴿١﴾ اللَّهُ الصَّمَدُ ﴿٢﴾ لَمْ يَلِدْ وَلَمْ يُولَدْ ﴿٣﴾ وَلَمْ يَكُن لَّهُ كُفُوًا أَحَدٌ ﴿٤﴾

\quransurah



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ
 قُلْ هُوَ اللَّهُ أَحَدٌ ﴿١﴾
 اللَّهُ الصَّمَدُ ﴿٢﴾
 لَمْ يَلِدْ وَلَمْ يُولَدْ ﴿٣﴾
 وَلَمْ يَكُن لَّهُ كُفُوًا أَحَدٌ ﴿٤﴾

To change the default Surah, use `\setsurahdefault{m}`. By default, the package sets Surah 112. For example, after changing the default Surah to 107 with `\setsurahdefault{107}`, the output will be as shown below:

\setsurahdefault

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ أَرَأَيْتَ الَّذِي يُكَذِّبُ بِالْأَيْمَانِ ﴿١﴾ فَذَلِكَ الَّذِي يَدْعُ الْيَتِيمَ ﴿٢﴾ وَلَا يَحْضُ عَلَى طَعَامِ الْمُسْكِينِ ﴿٣﴾ قَوْلٌ لِلْمُصَلِّينَ ﴿٤﴾ الَّذِينَ هُمْ عَنْ صَلَاتِهِمْ سَاهُونَ ﴿٥﴾ الَّذِينَ هُمْ يُرَاْعُونَ ﴿٦﴾ وَيَمْنَعُونَ الْمَاعُونَ ﴿٧﴾

Order	Anglicized Title	Order	Anglicized Title	Order	Anglicized Title
1	Al-Faatiha	39	Az-Zumar	77	Al-Mursalaat
2	Al-Baqara	40	Ghaafir	78	An-Naba
3	Aal-i-Imraan	41	Fussilat	79	An-Naazi'aat
4	An-Nisaa	42	Ash-Shura	80	Abasa
5	Al-Maaida	43	Az-Zukhruf	81	At-Takwir
6	Al-An'aam	44	Ad-Dukhaan	82	Al-Infitaar
7	Al-A'raaf	45	Al-Jaathiya	83	Al-Mutaffifin
8	Al-Anfaal	46	Al-Ahqaaf	84	Al-Inshiqaaq
9	At-Tawba	47	Muhammad	85	Al-Burooj
10	Yunus	48	Al-Fath	86	At-Taariq
11	Hud	49	Al-Hujuraat	87	Al-A'laa
12	Yusuf	50	Qaaf	88	Al-Ghaashiya
13	Ar-Ra'd	51	Adh-Dhaariyat	89	Al-Fajr
14	Ibraahim	52	At-Tur	90	Al-Balad
15	Al-Hijr	53	An-Najm	91	Ash-Shams
16	An-Nahl	54	Al-Qamar	92	Al-Lail
17	Al-Israa	55	Ar-Rahmaan	93	Ad-Dhuhaa
18	Al-Kahf	56	Al-Waaqia	94	Ash-Sharh
19	Maryam	57	Al-Hadid	95	At-Tin
20	Taa-Haa	58	Al-Mujaadila	96	Al-Alaq
21	Al-Anbiyaa	59	Al-Hashr	97	Al-Qadr
22	Al-Hajj	60	Al-Mumtahana	98	Al-Bayyina
23	Al-Muminoon	61	As-Saff	99	Az-Zalzala
24	An-Noor	62	Al-Jumu'a	100	Al-Aadiyaat
25	Al-Furqaan	63	Al-Munaafiqoon	101	Al-Qaari'a
26	Ash-Shu'araa	64	At-Taghaabun	102	At-Takaathur
27	An-Naml	65	At-Talaaq	103	Al-Asr
28	Al-Qasas	66	At-Tahrim	104	Al-Humaza
29	Al-Ankaboot	67	Al-Mulk	105	Al-Fil
30	Ar-Room	68	Al-Qalam	106	Quraish
31	Luqman	69	Al-Haaqqa	107	Al-Maa'un
32	As-Sajda	70	Al-Ma'aarij	108	Al-Kawthar
33	Al-Ahzaab	71	Nooh	109	Al-Kaafiroon
34	Saba	72	Al-Jinn	110	An-Nasr
35	Faatir	73	Al-Muzzammil	111	Al-Masad
36	Yaseen	74	Al-Muddaththir	112	Al-Ikhlaas
37	As-Saaffaat	75	Al-Qiyaama	113	Al-Falaq
38	Saad	76	Al-Insaan	114	An-Naas

Table 1: ANGLICIZED TITLES OF SURAHS' NAMES

2.2 Ayah/Ayat

```
\quranayah[⟨surah range⟩][⟨ayah range⟩]
\quranayah* [⟨surah range⟩][⟨ayah range⟩]
```

The *⟨range⟩* used here is similar to the one explained for `\quransurah`, and this pattern applies to all commands defined in the package. Therefore, this command typesets the n^{th} Ayah of a Surah, or the range from the m^{th} to the n^{th} Ayahs of a Surah.

\quranayah[33] [33]



وَقَرْنَ فِي بُيُوتِكُنَّ وَلَا تَبَرَّجْنَ تَبَرُّجَ الْجَاهِلِيَّةِ الْأُولَى ۚ وَأَقِمْنَ الصَّلَاةَ وَآَتِينَ الزَّكَاةَ وَأَطِعْنَ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ ۚ إِنَّمَا يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ لِيُذْهِبَ عَنْكُمُ الرِّجْسَ أَهْلَ الْبَيْتِ وَيُطَهِّرَكُمْ تَطْهِيرًا ﴿٣٣﴾

\quranayah [Al-Ahzaab] [33]



وَقَرْنَ فِي بُيُوتِكُنَّ وَلَا تَبَرَّجْنَ تَبَرُّجَ الْجَاهِلِيَّةِ الْأُولَى ۚ وَأَقِمْنَ الصَّلَاةَ وَآَتِينَ الزَّكَاةَ وَأَطِعْنَ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ ۚ إِنَّمَا يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ لِيُذْهِبَ عَنْكُمُ الرِّجْسَ أَهْلَ الْبَيْتِ وَيُطَهِّرَكُمْ تَطْهِيرًا ﴿٣٣﴾

The Basmala will not be printed automatically when typesetting the first Ayah of any Surah. To include the Basmala, use the \basmalah macro before the Ayah. For further details, please refer to page 19.

\basmalah

\quranayah[Ibrahim] [1]



الرَّ كُنْتُ أَنْزَلْنَاهُ إِلَيْكَ لِتُخْرِجَ النَّاسَ مِنَ الظُّلُمَاتِ إِلَى النُّورِ بِإِذْنِ رَبِّهِمْ إِلَى صِرَاطٍ الْعَزِيزِ الْحَمِيدِ ﴿١﴾

\basmalah\quranayah [14] [1]



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ
الرَّ كُنْتُ أَنْزَلْنَاهُ إِلَيْكَ لِتُخْرِجَ النَّاسَ مِنَ الظُّلُمَاتِ إِلَى النُّورِ بِإِذْنِ رَبِّهِمْ إِلَى صِرَاطٍ الْعَزِيزِ الْحَمِيدِ ﴿١﴾

\quranayah*[Ash-Shura] [22-26]



تَرَى الظَّالِمِينَ مُشْفِقِينَ مِمَّا كَسَبُوا وَهُوَ وَاقِعٌ بِهِمْ ۚ وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ فِي رُوحَاتِ الْجَنَّاتِ لَهُمْ مَا يَشَاءُونَ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ ۚ ذَلِكَ هُوَ الْفَضْلُ الْكَبِيرُ ﴿٢٢﴾ ذَلِكَ الَّذِي يُبَشِّرُ اللَّهَ عِبَادَهُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ ۚ قُلْ لَا أَسْأَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ أَجْرًا إِلَّا الْمَوَدَّةَ فِي الْقُرْبَى ۚ وَمَن يَقْتَرِفْ حَسَنَةً نَّدَّ لَهُ فِيهَا حُسْنًا ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ شَكُورٌ ﴿٢٣﴾ أَمْ يَقُولُونَ افْتَرَى عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا ۚ فَإِن يَشَأِ اللَّهُ يَخْتِمْ عَلَى قَلْبِكَ ۚ وَيَمْحِ اللَّهُ الْبَيِّنَاتِ وَيُحِقِّ الْحَقَّ بِكَلِمَاتِهِ ۚ إِنَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُورِ ﴿٢٤﴾ وَهُوَ الَّذِي يَقْبَلُ التَّوْبَةَ عَنْ عِبَادِهِ وَيَعْفُو عَنِ السَّيِّئَاتِ وَيَعْلَمُ مَا تَفْعَلُونَ ﴿٢٥﴾ وَيَسْتَجِيبُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ وَيَزِيدُهُم مِّن فَضْلِهِ ۚ وَالْكَافِرُونَ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ ﴿٢٦﴾

\quranayah*[42] [22-26]



تَرَى الظَّالِمِينَ مُشْفِقِينَ مِمَّا كَسَبُوا وَهُوَ وَاقِعٌ بِهِمْ ۚ وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ فِي رُوحَاتِ الْجَنَّاتِ لَهُمْ مَا يَشَاءُونَ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ ۚ ذَلِكَ هُوَ الْفَضْلُ الْكَبِيرُ ﴿٢٢﴾ ذَلِكَ الَّذِي يُبَشِّرُ اللَّهَ عِبَادَهُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ ۚ قُلْ لَا أَسْأَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ أَجْرًا إِلَّا الْمَوَدَّةَ فِي الْقُرْبَى ۚ وَمَن يَقْتَرِفْ حَسَنَةً نَّدَّ لَهُ فِيهَا حُسْنًا ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ شَكُورٌ ﴿٢٣﴾ أَمْ يَقُولُونَ افْتَرَى عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا ۚ فَإِن يَشَأِ اللَّهُ يَخْتِمْ عَلَى قَلْبِكَ ۚ وَيَمْحِ اللَّهُ الْبَيِّنَاتِ وَيُحِقِّ الْحَقَّ بِكَلِمَاتِهِ ۚ إِنَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُورِ ﴿٢٤﴾ وَهُوَ الَّذِي يَقْبَلُ التَّوْبَةَ عَنْ عِبَادِهِ وَيَعْفُو عَنِ السَّيِّئَاتِ وَيَعْلَمُ مَا تَفْعَلُونَ ﴿٢٥﴾ وَيَسْتَجِيبُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ وَيَزِيدُهُم مِّن فَضْلِهِ ۚ وَالْكَافِرُونَ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ ﴿٢٦﴾

Both \quransurah and \quranayah are case-insensitive with respect to the anglicized titles of Surahs. In other words, there is no distinction between ‘Al-Fatiha’, ‘al-fatiha’, or any other combination of uppercase and lowercase letters.

\quransurah*[Al-Faatiha]



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ﴿١﴾ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٢﴾ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ﴿٣﴾ مَلِكِ يَوْمِ الدِّينِ ﴿٤﴾ إِلَهِكَ تَعْبُدُ وَإِلَآكَ نَسْتَعِينُ ﴿٥﴾ أَهْدِنَا الصِّرَاطَ الْمُسْتَقِيمَ ﴿٦﴾ صِرَاطَ الَّذِينَ أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ غَيْرِ الْمَغْضُوبِ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا الضَّالِّينَ ﴿٧﴾

\quransurah*[aL-fAatIhA]



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ﴿١﴾ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٢﴾ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ﴿٣﴾ مَلِكِ يَوْمِ الدِّينِ ﴿٤﴾ إِلَآكَ تَعْبُدُ وَإِلَآكَ نَسْتَعِينُ ﴿٥﴾ أَهْدِنَا الصِّرَاطَ الْمُسْتَقِيمَ ﴿٦﴾ صِرَاطَ الَّذِينَ أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ غَيْرِ الْمَغْضُوبِ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا الضَّالِّينَ ﴿٧﴾

2.3 Page/Pages

\quranpage[⟨page range⟩]

\quranpage*[⟨page range⟩]

Typesets the specified ⟨range⟩ of pages of the Holy Quran. The page numbers in ⟨range⟩ should be between 1 and 604, based on the Medina Mushaf.



وَيَسْتَعْجِلُونَكَ بِالسَّيِّئَةِ قَبْلَ الْحَسَنَةِ وَقَدْ خَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمُ الْمَثَلَاتُ ۚ وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَذُو مَغْفِرَةٍ لِلنَّاسِ عَلَى ظُلْمِهِمْ ۚ وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَشَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ ﴿٦﴾ وَيَقُولُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا لَوْلَا نُزِّلَ عَلَيْهِ آيَاتُ مِنْ رَبِّهِ إِنَّمَا أَنْتَ مُنذِرٌ وَلِكُلِّ قَوْمٍ هَادٍ ﴿٧﴾ اللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا تَحْمِلُ كُلُّ أُنْفَىٰ وَمَا تَعْبُثُ الْأَرْحَامُ وَمَا تَزْدَادُ ۚ وَكُلُّ شَيْءٍ عِنْدَهُ بِمِقْدَارٍ ﴿٨﴾ عَلِيمُ الْغُيُوبِ وَالشَّهَادَةِ الْكَبِيرِ الْمُتَعَالِ ﴿٩﴾ سَوَاءٌ مِنْكُمْ مَنْ أَسْرَ الْقَوْلِ وَمَنْ جَهَرَ بِهِ وَمَنْ هُوَ مُسْتَخْفٍ بِاللَّيْلِ وَسَارِبٌ بِالنَّهَارِ ﴿١٠﴾ لَهُ مُعَقَّبَاتٌ مِّنْ بَيْنِ يَدَيْهِ وَمِنْ خَلْفِهِ يَحْفَظُونَهُ مِنْ أَمْرِ اللَّهِ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُغَيِّرُ مَا بِقَوْمٍ حَتَّىٰ يُغَيِّرُوا مَا بِأَنْفُسِهِمْ ۚ وَإِذَا أَرَادَ اللَّهُ بِقَوْمٍ سُوءًا فَلَا مَرَدَ لَهُ ۚ وَمَا لَهُمْ مِنْ دُونِهِ مِنْ وَالٍ ﴿١١﴾ هُوَ الَّذِي يُرِيكُمُ الْبَرْقَ خَوْفًا وَطَمَعًا وَيُنْشِئُ السَّحَابَ الثِّقَالَ ﴿١٢﴾ وَيُسَبِّحُ الرَّعْدُ بِحَمْدِهِ وَالْمَلَائِكَةُ مِنْ خِيفَتِهِ وَيُرْسِلُ الصَّوَاعِقَ فَيُصِيبُ بِهَا مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَهُمْ يُجَادِلُونَ فِي اللَّهِ وَهُوَ شَدِيدُ الْحِجَالِ ﴿١٣﴾



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ۚ تِلْكَ آيَاتُ الْكِتَابِ ۚ وَالَّذِي أُنزِلَ إِلَيْكَ مِنْ رَبِّكَ الْحَقُّ وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿١﴾ اللَّهُ الَّذِي رَفَعَ السَّمُوتَ بِغَيْرِ عَمَدٍ تَرَوْنَهَا ۚ ثُمَّ أَسْتَوَىٰ عَلَى الْعَرْشِ ۚ وَسَخَّرَ الشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمَرَ ۚ كُلٌّ يَجْرِي لِأَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى ۚ يُدَبِّرُ الْأَمْرَ يُفَصِّلُ الْآيَاتِ لَعَلَّكُمْ بِلِقَاءِ رَبِّكُمْ تُوقِنُونَ ﴿٢﴾ وَهُوَ الَّذِي مَدَّ الْأَرْضَ وَجَعَلَ فِيهَا رِجْسًا وَأَنْهَارًا ۚ وَمِنْ كُلِّ الْجِبَالِ جُودٌ ۚ وَسَخَّرَ لَكُمْ فِيهَا رِجْسًا لَّعَلَّكُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ۚ وَفِي الْأَرْضِ قِطْعٌ مُّتَجَدِّدٌ ۚ وَجِئْتُ مِنْ عِنَبٍ وَزَرْعٍ وَنَخِيلٍ صِنْوَانٍ وَغَيْرِ صِنْوَانٍ يُسْقَىٰ بِمَاءٍ وَجِدٍ وَنُقُضٌ ۚ بَعْضُهَا عَلَىٰ بَعْضٍ ۚ وَفِي الْأَرْضِ قِطْعٌ مُّتَعَدِّدٌ ۚ وَإِنْ تَعْجَبْ فَعَجَبٌ قَوْلُهُمْ ۚ إِذَا كُنَّا تُرَابًا أَوْ كُنَّا كُنُفًىٰ لِّفَىٰ خَلْقٍ جَدِيدٍ ۚ أَوَلَيْتَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا بِرَبِّهِمْ ۚ وَأَوَلَيْتَ الْأَغْلُلَ ۚ فَتِ اعْتَابَهُمْ ۚ وَأَوَلَيْتَ أَصْحَابَ الْأَنْرِ ۚ هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ ﴿٥﴾



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ۚ قُلْ يَأَيُّهَا الْكَافِرُونَ ﴿١﴾ لَا أَعْبُدُ مَا تَعْبُدُونَ ﴿٢﴾ وَلَا أَنْتُمْ عَابِدُونَ مَا أَعْبُدُ ﴿٣﴾ وَلَا أَنَا عَابِدٌ مَّا عَبَدْتُمْ ﴿٤﴾ وَلَا أَنْتُمْ عَابِدُونَ مَا أَعْبُدُ ﴿٥﴾ لَكُمْ دِينُكُمْ وَلِيَ دِينِ ﴿٦﴾ بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ۚ إِذَا جَاءَ نَصْرُ اللَّهِ وَالْفَتْحُ ﴿١﴾ وَرَأَيْتَ النَّاسَ يَدْخُلُونَ فِي دِينِ اللَّهِ أَفْوَاجًا ﴿٢﴾ فَسَبِّحْ بِحَمْدِ رَبِّكَ وَاسْتَغْفِرْهُ ۚ إِنَّهُ كَانَ تَوَّابًا ﴿٣﴾ بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ۚ تَبَّتْ يَدَا أَبِي لَهَبٍ وَتَبَّ ﴿١﴾ مَا أَغْنَىٰ عَنْهُ مَالُهُ وَمَا كَسَبَ ﴿٢﴾ سَبَّحْنَاهُ نَارًا ذَاتَ لَهَبٍ ﴿٣﴾ وَامْرَأَتُهُ خَمَّالَةَ الْخطَبِ ﴿٤﴾ فِي جِيدِهَا حَبْلٌ مِّن مَّسَدٍ ﴿٥﴾ بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ۚ قُلْ هُوَ اللَّهُ أَحَدٌ ﴿١﴾ اللَّهُ الصَّمَدُ ﴿٢﴾ لَمْ يَلِدْ وَلَمْ يُولَدْ ﴿٣﴾ لَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ كُفُوًا أَحَدٌ ﴿٤﴾ بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ۚ قُلْ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِّ الْفَلَقِ ﴿١﴾ مِنْ شَرِّ مَا خَلَقَ ﴿٢﴾ وَمِنْ شَرِّ غَاسِقٍ إِذَا وَقَبَ ﴿٣﴾ وَمِنْ شَرِّ النَّفَّاثَاتِ فِي الْعُقَدِ ﴿٤﴾ وَمِنْ شَرِّ حَاسِدٍ إِذَا حَسَدَ ﴿٥﴾ بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ۚ قُلْ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِّ النَّاسِ ﴿١﴾ مَلِكِ النَّاسِ ﴿٢﴾ إِلَهِ النَّاسِ ﴿٣﴾ مِنْ شَرِّ الْوَسْوَاسِ الْخَنَّاسِ ﴿٤﴾ الَّذِي يُوَسْوِسُ فِي صُدُورِ النَّاسِ ﴿٥﴾ مِنَ الْغَيْثِ وَالنَّاسِ ﴿٦﴾

2.4 Juz/Ajza

\quranjuz[⟨juz range⟩]
\quranjuz*[⟨juz range⟩]

This macro typesets the specified ⟨range⟩ of Juz(zes) of the Holy Quran, ranging from 1 to 30.

2.5 Hizb/Ahzab

Each Juz of the Holy Quran is divided into two Hizbs/Ahzab (groups), resulting in a total of 60 Hizbs. The following macro typesets the specified Hizb(s) of the Holy Quran.

\quranhizb[⟨hizb range⟩]
\quranhizb*[⟨hizb range⟩]



ضَرَبَ اللَّهُ مَثَلًا عَبْدًا مَمْلُوكًا لَا يَقْدِرُ عَلَى شَيْءٍ وَمَنْ رَزَقْنَاهُ مِنَّا رِزْقًا حَسَنًا فَهُوَ يُنْفِقُ مِنْهُ سِرًّا وَجَهْرًا ۖ هَلْ يَسْتَوُونَ ۚ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ ۚ بَلْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٧٥﴾ وَضَرَبَ اللَّهُ مَثَلًا رَجُلَيْنِ أَحَدُهُمَا أَبْكَمُ لَا يَقْدِرُ عَلَى شَيْءٍ وَهُوَ كَلٌّ عَلَى مَوْلَاهُ أَيْنَمَا يُوَجِّههُ لَا يَأْتِ بِخَيْرٍ ۖ هَلْ يَسْتَوِي هُوَ وَمَنْ يَأْمُرُ بِالْعَدْلِ ۚ وَهُوَ عَلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ ﴿٧٦﴾ وَلِلَّهِ غَيْبُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ ۚ وَمَا أَمْرُ السَّاعَةِ إِلَّا كَلَمْحِ الْبَصَرِ أَوْ هُوَ أَقْرَبُ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿٧٧﴾ وَاللَّهُ أَخْرَجَكُمْ مِنْ بَطْنِ أُمَيْيَةٍ كُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ شَيْئًا وَجَعَلَ لَكُمْ السَّمْعَ وَالْأَبْصَرَ وَالْأَفْئِدَةَ ۚ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٧٨﴾ أَلَمْ يَرَوْا إِلَى الطَّيْرِ مُسَخَّرَاتٍ فِي جَوْاءِ السَّمَاءِ مَا يُمَسِّكُهُنَّ إِلَّا اللَّهُ ۚ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَاتٍ لِقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿٧٩﴾ وَاللَّهُ جَعَلَ لَكُمْ مِنْ بُيُوتِكُمْ سَكَنًا وَجَعَلَ لَكُمْ مِنْ جُلُودِ الْأَنْعَامِ بُيُوتًا تَسْتَخِفُّونَهَا يَوْمَ ظَعْنِكُمْ وَيَوْمَ إِقَامَتِكُمْ ۚ وَمِنْ أَصْوَافِهَا وَأَوْبَارِهَا وَأَشْعَارِهَا أَثْنَا وَمِئَةً إِلَى جِيبٍ ﴿٨٠﴾ وَاللَّهُ جَعَلَ لَكُمْ مِمَّا خَلَقَ ظِلَالًا وَجَعَلَ لَكُمْ مِنَ الْجِبَالِ أَكْنُتًا وَجَعَلَ لَكُمْ سَرَابِيلَ تَقِيكُمُ الْخَرَّ وَسَرَابِيلَ تَقِيكُمُ بَأْسَكُمْ ۚ كَذَلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ نِعْمَتَهُ عَلَيْكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُسْلِمُونَ ﴿٨١﴾ فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَإِنَّمَا عَلَيْكَ الْبَلَاءُ الْمُبِينُ ﴿٨٢﴾ يَغْرُقُونَ نِعْمَتَ اللَّهِ ثُمَّ يُنْكِرُونَهَا وَأَكْفُرُوهَا ۚ الْكَافِرُونَ ﴿٨٣﴾ وَيَوْمَ نَبْعَثُ مِنْ كُلِّ أُمَّةٍ شَهِيدًا ۖ ثُمَّ لَا يُؤْذَنُ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَلَا هُمْ يُسْتَعْتَبُونَ ﴿٨٤﴾ وَإِذَا رَءَا الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا الْعَذَابَ فَلَا يُخَفَّفُ عَنْهُمْ وَلَا هُمْ يُنظَرُونَ ﴿٨٥﴾ وَإِذَا رَءَا الَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُوا شُرَكَاءَهُمْ قَالُوا رَبَّنَا هَؤُلَاءِ شُرَكَائُنَا الَّذِينَ كُنَّا نَدْعُوا مِنْ دُونِكَ ۖ قَالِقُوا إِلَيْهِمْ الْقَوْلُ ۚ إِنَّكُمْ لَكَاذِبُونَ ﴿٨٦﴾ وَأَلْقُوا إِلَى اللَّهِ يَوْمَئِذٍ السَّلَامَ ۖ وَضَلَّ عَنْهُمْ مَا كَانُوا يَفْتَرُونَ ﴿٨٧﴾ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَصَدُّوا عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ زِدْنَاهُمْ عَذَابًا فَوْقَ الْعَذَابِ بِمَا كَانُوا يُفْسِدُونَ ﴿٨٨﴾ وَيَوْمَ نَبْعَثُ فِي كُلِّ أُمَّةٍ شَهِيدًا عَلَيْهِمْ مِنْ أَنْفُسِهِمْ ۖ وَجِئْنَا بِكَ شَهِيدًا عَلَى هَؤُلَاءِ ۚ وَنَزَّلْنَا عَلَيْكَ الْكِتَابَ تِبْيَانًا لِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَهُدًى وَرَحْمَةً وَبُشْرَى لِلْمُسْلِمِينَ ﴿٨٩﴾

2.6 Quarter/Quarters

Each Hizb of the Holy Quran is divided into four quarters, known as Maqras, resulting in eight Maqras per Juz. There are a total of 240 Maqras in the Holy Quran. These Maqras are often used as sections for revision during memorization of the Holy Quran.³

\quranquarter[*<quarter range>*]
 \quranquarter*[*<quarter range>*]

2.7 Ruku/Rukus

“The term rukū — roughly translated to “passage”, “pericope” or “stanza” — is also used to denote a group of thematically related verses in the Qur’an. Longer suras (chapters) in the Qur’an are usually divided into several rukūs, so that the reciters could identify when to make rukū in Salat without breaking an ongoing topic in the Quranic text.”⁴ There are a total of 556 Rukus.

\quranruku[*<ruku range>*]
 \quranruku*[*<ruku range>*]



لَقَدْ كَانَ لَكُمْ فِي رَسُولِ اللَّهِ أُسْوَةٌ حَسَنَةٌ لِمَنْ كَانَ يَرْجُوا اللَّهَ وَالْيَوْمَ الْآخِرَ وَذَكَرَ اللَّهَ كَثِيرًا ﴿٢١﴾ وَلَمَّا رَأَى الْمُؤْمِنُونَ الْأَخْزَابَ قَالُوا هَذَا مَا وَعَدَنَا اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ ۖ وَصَدَقَ اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ ۚ وَمَا زَادَهُمْ إِلَّا إِيمَانًا وَتَسْلِيمًا ﴿٢٢﴾ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ رِجَالٌ صَدَقُوا مَا عَاهَدُوا اللَّهَ عَلَيْهِ ۖ فَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ قَضَىٰ نَحْبَهُ وَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ يَنْتَظِرُ ۚ وَمَا بَدَّلُوا تَبْدِيلًا ﴿٢٣﴾ لِيَجْزِيَ اللَّهُ الصَّادِقِينَ بِصِدْقِهِمْ وَيُعَذِّبَ الْمُنَافِقِينَ إِنْ شَاءَ أَوْ يَتُوبَ عَلَيْهِمْ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ غَفُورًا رَحِيمًا ﴿٢٤﴾ وَرَدَّ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا بِعَهْدِهِمْ لَمْ يَأْتُوا خَيْرًا ۚ وَكَفَىٰ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْقِتَالَ ۚ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ قَوِيًّا عَزِيمًا ﴿٢٥﴾ وَأَنْزَلَ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواهُمْ مِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ مِنْ صَاحِبِيهِمْ وَقَدَفَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ الرُّعْبَ ۚ فَرِيقًا تَقْتُلُونَ وَتَأْسِرُونَ فَرِيقًا ﴿٢٦﴾ وَأَوْرَثَكُمْ أَرْضَهُمْ وَدِيَارَهُمْ وَأَمْوَالَهُمْ وَأَرْضًا لَمْ تَطْلُوهَا ۚ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرًا ﴿٢٧﴾

³<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Juz>

⁴<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ruku>



يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا لَا تَكُونُوا كَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَقَالُوا لِإِخْوَانِهِمْ إِذَا ضَرَبُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ أَوْ كَانُوا غُرَىٰ لَوْ كَانُوا عِدَدًا مَا مَاتُوا وَمَا قُتِلُوا لِيَجْعَلَ اللَّهُ ذَلِكُمْ حَسْرَةً فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ ۗ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ﴿١٥٦﴾ وَلَئِنْ قِيلَ لَهُمْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ أَوْ مُتُّمْ لَمَغْفِرَةٌ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَرَحْمَةٌ خَيْرٌ مِّمَّا يَجْمَعُونَ ﴿١٥٧﴾ وَلَئِنْ مُتُّمْ أَوْ قُتِلْتُمْ لَإِلَى اللَّهِ تُحْشَرُونَ ﴿١٥٨﴾ فَبِمَا رَحْمَةٍ مِنَ اللَّهِ لَبِثَ لَهُمْ ۖ وَلَوْ كُنْتُمْ فَظًا غَالِظَ الْقُلُوبِ لَانْفَضُّوا مِنْ حَوْلِكُمْ ۖ فَاعْفُتْ عَنْهُمْ وَاسْتَغْفِرْ لَهُمْ وَشَاوِرْهُمْ فِي الْأَمْرِ ۚ فَإِذَا عَزَمْتَ فَتَوَكَّلْ عَلَى اللَّهِ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُتَوَكِّلِينَ ﴿١٥٩﴾ إِنْ يَصْرَحْكَمُ اللَّهُ فَلَا غَالِبَ لَكُمْ ۖ وَإِنْ يَخْذَلْكُمْ فَمَنْ ذَا الَّذِي يَنْصَرُّكُمْ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ ۗ وَعَلَى اللَّهِ فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿١٦٠﴾ وَمَا كَانَ لِنَبِيٍّ أَنْ يَغُلَّ ۚ وَمَنْ يَغْلُلْ يَأْتِ بِمَا غَلَّ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ ۚ ثُمَّ تُوَفَّىٰ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّا كَسَبَتْ وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ ﴿١٦١﴾ أَفَمَنْ أَتَّبَعَ رِضْوَانُ اللَّهِ كَمَنْ بَاءَ بِسَخِطِ اللَّهِ وَمَأْوَاهُ جَهَنَّمُ ۚ وَبِئْسَ الْمَصِيرُ ﴿١٦٢﴾ هُمْ دَرَجَتٌ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ ۗ وَاللَّهُ بَصِيرٌ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٦٣﴾ لَقَدْ مَنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ إِذْ بَعَثَ فِيهِمْ رَسُولًا مِنْ أَنْفُسِهِمْ يَتْلُوا عَلَيْهِمْ آيَاتِهِ ۚ وَزَكَرِيهِمْ وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُ الْكِتَابَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ وَإِنْ كَانُوا مِنْ قَبْلُ لَفِي ضَلَالٍ مُبِينٍ ﴿١٦٤﴾ أَوَلَمَّْا أَصْبَحْكُمْ مُصِيبَةً قَدْ أَصَبْتُمْ مَثَلِيهَا فَلْتُمْ أَنِّي هَذَا ۚ قُلْ هُوَ مِنْ عِنْدِ أَنْفُسِكُمْ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿١٦٥﴾ وَمَا أَصْبَحْكُمْ يَوْمَ التَّقَىٰ الْجَمْعَانِ فَيَا ذِي اللَّهِ وَلِيَعْلَمَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٦٦﴾ وَلِيَعْلَمَ الَّذِينَ نَافَقُوا وَقِيلَ لَهُمْ تَعَالَوْا قَاتِلُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ أَوْ ادْفَعُوا ۚ قَالُوا لَوْ نَعْلَمُ لَأَتَيْنَكُم ۚ هُمْ لِلْكَفَرِ يَوْمَئِذٍ اقْرَبُ مِنْهُمْ لِلْإِيمَانِ يَقُولُونَ بِأَفْوَاهِهِمْ مَا لَيْسَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ ۗ وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا يَكْتُمُونَ ﴿١٦٧﴾ الَّذِينَ قَالُوا لِإِخْوَانِهِمْ وَقَعَدُوا لَوْ أَطَاعُونَا مَا قُتِلُوا ۚ قُلْ فَادْرِعُوا عَنْ أَنْفُسِكُمُ الْمَوْتَ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿١٦٨﴾ وَلَا تَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ قُتِلُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ أَمْوَاتًا ۚ بَلْ أَحْيَاءُ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ يُرْزَقُونَ ﴿١٦٩﴾ فَرِحِينَ بِمَا آتَاهُمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ ۚ وَيَسْتَبْشِرُونَ بِالَّذِينَ لَمْ يَلْحَقُوا بِهِمْ مِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ أَلَّا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ ﴿١٧٠﴾ يَسْتَبْشِرُونَ بِنِعْمَةِ اللَّهِ وَفَضْلِهِ ۚ وَإِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُضِيعُ أَجْرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٧١﴾ الَّذِينَ اسْتَجَابُوا لِلَّهِ وَالرَّسُولِ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا أَصَابَهُمُ الْقَرْحُ ۚ لِلَّذِينَ أَحْسَنُوا مِنْهُمْ وَاتَّقُوا أَجْرٌ عَظِيمٌ ﴿١٧٢﴾ الَّذِينَ قَالَ لَهُمُ النَّاسُ إِنَّ النَّاسَ قَدْ جَمَعُوا لَكُمْ فَاخْشَوْهُمْ فَزَادَهُمْ إِيمَانًا وَقَالُوا حَسْبُنَا اللَّهُ وَنِعْمَ الْوَكِيلُ ﴿١٧٣﴾ فَانْقَلَبُوا بِنِعْمَةِ اللَّهِ وَفَضْلِهِ لَمْ يَمْسَسْهُمْ سُوءٌ وَاتَّبَعُوا رِضْوَانُ اللَّهِ ۗ وَاللَّهُ ذُو فَضْلٍ عَظِيمٍ ﴿١٧٤﴾ إِنَّمَا ذَلِكُمُ الشَّيْطَانُ يُخَوِّفُ أَوْلِيَاءَهُ ۚ فَلَا تَخَافُوهُمْ وَخَافُوا إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٧٥﴾ وَلَا يَحْزَنْكَ الَّذِينَ يُسْرِعُونَ فِي الْكُفْرِ ۚ إِنَّهُمْ لَنْ يَضُرُّوا اللَّهَ شَيْئًا يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ أَلَّا يَجْعَلَ لَهُمْ حِطًّا فِي آخِرَةِ ۚ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ ﴿١٧٦﴾ إِنْ الَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُوا أَكْثَرُ بِالْإِيمَانِ لَنْ يَضُرُّوا اللَّهَ شَيْئًا وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ﴿١٧٧﴾ وَلَا يَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا أَنَّمَا تُمَلَىٰ لَهُمْ خَيْرٌ لَأَنْفُسِهِمْ ۚ إِنَّمَا تُمَلَىٰ لَهُمْ لِيُزَادُوا إِثْمًا وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ مُهِينٌ ﴿١٧٨﴾ مَا كَانَ اللَّهُ لِيَذَرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَلَىٰ مَا أَنْتُمْ عَلَيْهِ حَتَّىٰ يَمِيزَ الْخَبِيثَ مِنَ الطَّيِّبِ ۚ وَمَا كَانَ اللَّهُ لِيُطْلِعَكُمْ عَلَى الْغُيُوبِ وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهَ يَجْتَبِي مِنْ رُسُلِهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ ۚ قَامُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ ۚ وَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا وَتَنَقَّبُوا لَكُمُ أَجْرٌ عَظِيمٌ ﴿١٧٩﴾ وَلَا تَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ يَتَّخِلُونَ بِمَا آتَاهُمْ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ هُوَ خَيْرٌ لَّهُمْ ۚ بَلْ هُوَ شَرٌّ لَّهُمْ ۚ سَيُطَوَّقُونَ مَا بَخِلُوا بِهِ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ ۚ وَلِلَّهِ مِيرَاثُ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ ۗ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ ﴿١٨٠﴾

2.8 Manzil/Manazil

“For those who wish to complete reading the Qur’an within a week, the text may be divided into 7 portions, each known as a Manzil.

“The following division into 7 equal portions is attributed to Hamza Al-Zayyat (d. 156/772):

1. Al-Fatiha (Surah 1) through An-Nisa (Surah 4) – 4 Surahs.
2. Al-Maida (Surah 5) through At-Tawba (Surah 9) – 5 Surahs.
3. Yunus (Surah 10) through An-Nahl (Surah 16) – 7 Surahs.
4. Al-Isra (Surah 17) through Al-Furqan (Surah 25) – 9 Surahs.
5. Ash-Shuara (Surah 26) through Ya-Sin (Surah 36) – 11 Surahs.
6. As-Saffat (Surah 37) through Al-Hujurat (Surah 49) – 13 Surahs.
7. Qaf (Surah 50) through An-Nas (Surah 114) — 65 Surahs.”⁵

\quranmanzil[*{manzil range}*]
 \quranmanzil**[{manzil range}]*

The above macro typesets the Manzil(s)/Manazil of the Holy Quran.

⁵<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Manzil>

2.9 Text of the Quran

The following macro is central to all macros in the package, enabling the typesetting of any range of Quranic verses. The Holy Quran contains 6,236 Ayahs. This macro allows for the typesetting of a specific Ayah or any range of Ayahs.

`\qurantext[⟨index range⟩]`
`\qurantext*[⟨index range⟩]`

`\qurantext[1023]`



أَوْعَيْبُهُمْ أَنْ جَاءَهُمْ ذِكْرٌ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ عَلَى رَجُلٍ مِنْكُمْ لِيُنذِرَكُمْ ۚ وَأَذْكُرُوا إِذْ جَعَلَكُمْ خُلَفَاءَ مِنْ بَعْدِ قَوْمِ نُوحٍ وَزَادَكُمْ فِي الْخَلْقِ بَسْطَةً ۖ فَاذْكُرُوا آلَاءَ اللَّهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ ﴿٦٩﴾

`\qurantext*[4111-4117]`



قُلْ يَعْبَادِي الَّذِينَ أُشْرَفُوا عَلَى أَنْفُسِهِمْ لَا تَقْنَطُوا مِنْ رَحْمَةِ اللَّهِ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَغْفِرُ الذُّنُوبَ جَمِيعًا ۚ إِنَّهُ هُوَ الْغَفُورُ الرَّحِيمُ ﴿٥٣﴾ وَأَنِيبُوا إِلَى رَبِّكُمْ وَأَسْلُمُوا لَهُ مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ يَأْتِيَكُمُ الْعَذَابُ ثُمَّ لَا تُنصَرُونَ ﴿٥٤﴾ وَأَتَّبِعُوا أَحْسَنَ مَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكُمْ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ مَنْ قَبْلَ أَنْ يَأْتِيَكُمُ الْعَذَابُ بَغْتَةً وَأَنْتُمْ لَا تَشْعُرُونَ ﴿٥٥﴾ أَنْ تَقُولَ نَفْسٌ يَحْسَرُنِي عَلَى مَا قَرَّبْتُ فِي جَنْبِ اللَّهِ وَإِنْ كُنْتُ لَمِنَ السَّالِحِينَ ﴿٥٦﴾ أَوْ تَقُولَ لَوْ أَنَّ اللَّهَ هَدَانِي لَكُنْتُ مِنَ الْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿٥٧﴾ أَوْ تَقُولَ حِينَ تَرَى الْعَذَابَ لَوْ أَنَّ لِي كَرَّةً فَأَكُونَ مِنَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿٥٨﴾ بَلَى قَدْ جَاءَتْكَ آيَاتِي فَكَذَّبْتَ بِهَا وَاسْتَكْبَرْتَ وَكُنْتَ مِنَ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٥٩﴾

Using `\qurantext` without its optional argument defaults to [1-7], which corresponds to Surah Al-Fatiha. To change the default text, use `\setqurantextdefault{m-n}`.

`\qurantext`

`\qurantext*`



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ﴿١﴾ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٢﴾ الرَّحْمَنُ الرَّحِيمُ ﴿٣﴾ مَلِكٌ يَوْمَ الدِّينِ ﴿٤﴾ إِنَّكَ نَعْبُدُكَ وَإِلَيْكَ نَسْتَعِينُ ﴿٥﴾ أَهْدِنَا الصِّرَاطَ الْمُسْتَقِيمَ ﴿٦﴾ صِرَاطَ الَّذِينَ أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ غَيْرِ الْمَغْضُوبِ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا الضَّالِّينَ ﴿٧﴾

In the following example, `\setqurantextdefault{4128-4137}` has changed the default to index 4128 to 4137.

`\setqurantextdefault`

`\qurantext*`



وَوَفَّيْتُ كُلَّ نَفْسٍ مَّا عَمِلَتْ وَهُوَ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا يَفْعَلُونَ ﴿٧٠﴾ وَسِيقَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا إِلَىٰ جَهَنَّمَ زُمَرًا ۖ حَتَّىٰ إِذَا جَاءُوهَا فُتِحَتْ أَبْوَابُهَا وَقَالَ لَهُمْ خَزَنَتُهَا أَلَمْ يَأْتِكُمْ رُسُلٌ مِنْكُمْ يَتْلُونَ عَلَيْكُمْ آيَاتِ رَبِّكُمْ وَيُنذِرُونَكُمْ لِقَاءَ يَوْمِكُمْ هَٰذَا ۚ قَالُوا بَلَىٰ وَلَكِنْ حَقَّتْ كَلِمَةُ الْعَذَابِ عَلَى الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٧١﴾ قِيلَ ادْخُلُوا أَبْوَابَ جَهَنَّمَ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا ۖ فَبِئْسَ مَثْوًى الْمُتَكَبِّرِينَ ﴿٧٢﴾ وَسِيقَ الَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا رَبَّهُمْ إِلَى الْجَنَّةِ زُمَرًا ۖ حَتَّىٰ إِذَا جَاءُوهَا وَفُتِحَتْ أَبْوَابُهَا وَقَالَ لَهُمْ خَزَنَتُهَا سَلَامٌ عَلَيْكُمْ طِبْتُمْ فَادْخُلُوهَا خَالِدِينَ ﴿٧٣﴾ وَقَالُوا الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي صَدَقَنَا وَعْدَهُ وَأَوْرَثَنَا الْأَرْضَ نَتَبَوَّأُ مِنَ الْجَنَّةِ حَيْثُ نَشَاءُ ۖ فَنِعْمَ أَجْرُ الْعَامِلِينَ ﴿٧٤﴾ وَتَرَى الْمَلَائِكَةَ حَافِينَ مِنْ حَوْلِ الْعَرْشِ يُسَبِّحُونَ بِحَمْدِ رَبِّهِمْ ۖ وَقُضِيَ بَيْنَهُم بِالْحَقِّ وَقِيلَ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٧٥﴾ بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ حَمْدٌ ﴿١﴾ تَنْزِيلُ الْكِتَابِ مِنَ اللَّهِ الْعَزِيزِ الْعَلِيمِ ﴿٢﴾ غَافِرِ الذَّنْبِ وَقَابِلِ التَّوْبِ شَدِيدِ الْعِقَابِ ذِي الطَّلُوعِ ۖ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ ۖ إِلَيْهِ الْمَصِيرُ ﴿٣﴾ مَا يُجْدِلُ فِيهِ عَائِدَةُ اللَّهِ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا فَلَا يَغْرُوكَ تَقَالِبُهُمْ فِي الْبَلَدِ ﴿٤﴾

2.10 Whole of the Holy Quran

The following macros, when provided with the appropriate parameters, can be used to typeset the entire Holy Quran.

• \quransurah[1-114]	• \quransurah*[1-114]
• \quranjuz[1-30]	• \quranjuz*[1-30]
• \quranpage[1-604]	• \quranpage*[1-604]
• \qurantext[1-6236]	• \qurantext*[1-6236]
• \quranhizb[1-60]	• \quranhizb*[1-60]
• \quranquarter[1-240]	• \quranquarter*[1-240]
• \quranruku[1-556]	• \quranruku*[1-556]
• \quranmanzil[1-7]	• \quranmanzil*[1-7]

2.11 Chunks of an Ayah

Starting from version 1.6, the package can typeset not only entire Ayahs but also specific segments of an Ayah, provided the `wordwise` option is enabled.⁶ In this case, the `\quranayah` and `\qurantext` macros include additional optional parameters to enable this functionality.

```
\quranayah[⟨surah range⟩][⟨ayah range⟩][⟨chunk range⟩]
\quranayah[⟨surah range⟩][⟨ayah range⟩][⟨chunk range⟩]+
```

```
\qurantext[⟨index range⟩][⟨chunk range⟩]
\qurantext[⟨index range⟩][⟨chunk range⟩]+
```

These commands separate the words within the `⟨ayah range⟩/⟨index range⟩` by white spaces and then output the specified `⟨chunk range⟩`. If the `⟨chunk range⟩` includes only one number, the output will start from the `⟨number⟩th` word to the end of the `⟨ayah range⟩`.

`\quranayah[2][156][6]`

إِنَّا لِلّٰهِ وَإِنَّا إِلَيْهِ رَاجِعُونَ ﴿١٥٦﴾

`\quranayah[2][286][31-43]`

رَبَّنَا وَلَا تَحْمِلْنَا مَا لَا طَاقَةَ لَنَا بِهِ، وَاعْفُ عَنَّا وَارْحَمْنَا

The package enumerates the words in a specified `⟨ayah/index range⟩`, which can be displayed in the footnote if the commands are followed by `+`.

`\quranayah[Ar-Ra'd][23-24][10] +`

وَالْمَلٰٓئِكَةُ يَدْخُلُوْنَ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنْ كُلِّ بَابٍ ﴿٢٣﴾ سَلَامٌ عَلَيْكُمْ بِمَا صَبَرْتُمْ فَبِعَمْرِ الدَّارِ ﴿٢٤﴾^a

^a جَنَّتٍ عَدْنٍ يَدْخُلُونَهَا وَمَنْ صَلَحَ مِنْ ءَابَائِهِمْ وَاَزْوَاجِهِمْ وَذُرِّيَّاتِهِمْ وَالْمَلٰٓئِكَةُ يَدْخُلُوْنَ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنْ كُلِّ بَابٍ ﴿٢٣﴾ سَلَامٌ عَلَيْكُمْ بِمَا صَبَرْتُمْ فَبِعَمْرِ

عُمِّي الدَّارِ ﴿٢٤﴾

Fetching just one word from an ayah requires the `⟨chunk range⟩` to have both `⟨number⟩`s as the same.

To fetch a single word from an Ayah, the `⟨chunk range⟩` must have both `⟨numbers⟩` set to the same value.

⁶This practical feature was suggested and financially supported by *Atiyah Elsheikh* in February 2020.



3 Options for the Package

By default, all macros in the package separate Ayahs with `\par`. To modify this behavior, use the `nopar` option, which changes the separation from `\par` to spaces. Alternatively, you can use the starred versions of macros to achieve the same effect. Starred macros omit `\par` when typesetting Ayahs of the Holy Quran. With the `nopar` option, starred macros will function as if this option were not loaded.

All surahs of the Holy Quran are divided into ayahs, each of which has its own index. By default, these numbers are typeset alongside the text of each ayah. To suppress these numbers, use the `nonumber` option, which prevents the ayah numbers from being printed.

By default, the Basmalah (بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ) is typeset at the beginning of surahs where it is traditionally recited. To suppress the typesetting of the Basmalah, use the `nobasmalah` option.

\ToggleAyahNumber

This macro modifies the package's default behavior concerning the typesetting of ayah indices wherever it is invoked. In other words, the macro can toggle the display of ayah indices in the output text, enabling or disabling them as needed.

\ToggleAyahNumber\quransurah*[89]



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ وَالْفَجْرِ وَبَيَاتٍ عَشَرَ وَالشَّفْعِ وَالْوَتْرِ إِذَا بَسَرَ هَلْ فِي ذَلِكَ قَسَمٌ لِّدَى حَجَرٍ أَلَمْ تَرَ كَيْفَ فَعَلَ رَبُّكَ بِعَادٍ إِذْ ذَاتَ الْعِمَادِ الْآتِي لَمْ يُخْلَقْ مِثْلُهَا فِي الْبَلَدِ وَتَمُودَ الَّذِينَ جَاءُوا الصَّخِرَ بِالنَّوَافِرِ وَفِرْعَوْنَ ذِي الْأَوْتَارِ الَّذِينَ طَغَوْا فِي الْبَلَدِ فَأَكْثَرُوا فِيهَا الْفَسَادَ فَصَبَّ عَلَيْهِمْ رَبُّكَ سَوْطَ عَذَابٍ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَبَازِلٌ مُرْصِدٌ وَأَمَّا الْإِنْسَانُ إِذَا مَا ابْتَلَاهُ رَبُّهُ فَأَكْرَمَهُ وَنَعَّمَهُ فَيَقُولُ رَبِّي أَكْرَمَنِ وَأَمَّا إِذَا مَا ابْتَلَاهُ فَقَدَرَ عَلَيْهِ رِزْقَهُ فَيَقُولُ رَبِّي أَهْلَنِى كَلَّا بَلْ لَا تُكْرَمُونَ الْبَيْيَمَ وَلَا تَحْتَضُونَ عَلَى طَعَامِ الْمُسْكِينِ وَتَأْكُلُونَ الْقُرْآنَ أَكْلًا لَّمًّا وَتُجِبُونَ أَلْمَالَ خُبًا جَمًّا كَلَّا إِذَا دُكَّتِ الْأَرْضُ دَكًّا دَكًّا وَجَاءَ رَبُّكَ وَالْمَلَكُ صَفًّا صَفًّا وَجَاءَ يَوْمَئِذٍ يَجْهَتُمُ إِلَيْهِ يَوْمَئِذٍ يَتَذَكَّرُ الْإِنْسَانُ وَأَنَّى لَهُ الذِّكْرَى يَقُولُ يَتْلِيَنِّي قَدِمْتُ لِحَيَاتِي فَيَوْمَئِذٍ لَا يُعَذِّبُ عَذَابَهُ أَحَدٌ وَلَا يُؤْتِي وَفَاقَهُ أَحَدٌ يَأْتِيهَا النَّفْسُ الْمُطْمَئِنَّةُ أَرْجَى إِلَى رَبِّكَ رَاضِيَةً مَُرْضِيَةً فَادْخُلِي فِي عِبَادِي وَادْخُلِي جَنَّتِي

The `wordwise` option enables the package to output specific portions of an ayah. For further details, please refer to Section 2.11.

\quranayah [9] [111] [1-23]



إِنَّ اللَّهَ اشْتَرَى مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ أَنْفُسَهُمْ وَأَمْوَالَهُمْ بِأَنْ لَهُمُ الْجَنَّةَ يُقَاتِلُونَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ فَيَقْتُلُونَ وَيُقْتَلُونَ وَعُودًا عَلَيْهِمْ حَقًّا فِي التَّوَرَةِ وَالْإِنْجِيلِ وَالْفُرْقَانِ

\ToggleAyahNumber\quranayah [An-Nisaa] [171-172] [14-64]



الْمَسِيحُ عِيسَى ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ وَكَلِمَتَهُ أَلْفَهَا إِلَى مَرْيَمَ وَرُوحٌ مِنْهُ فَآمَنُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ وَلَا تَقُولُوا قَوْلَهُ انْتَهَى خَيْرًا لَكُمْ إِنَّمَا اللَّهُ إِلَهُ وَاحِدٌ سُبْحَانَهُ أَنْ يَكُونَ لَهُ وَلَدٌ لَهُ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَكَفَى بِاللَّهِ وَكِيلًا لَنْ يَسْتَنْكِفَ الْمَسِيحُ أَنْ يَكُونَ عَبْدًا لِلَّهِ وَلَا الْمَلَائِكَةُ الْمُقَرَّبُونَ

By default, the package typesets the text of the Holy Quran in a simple script. However, the options `uthmani` and `uthmani-min` modify this default to the Uthmani script. You can compare the following texts to discern the differences between the “default”, “uthmani,” and “uthmani-min” scripts.

(default) \quranayah*[Al-A'raaf] [54-56]



إِنَّ رَبَّكُمُ اللَّهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ فِي سِتَّةِ أَيَّامٍ ثُمَّ اسْتَوَىٰ عَلَى الْعَرْشِ يُغْشِي اللَّيْلَ النَّهَارَ يَطْلُبُهُ حَبِثًا وَالشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمَرَ وَالنُّجُومَ مُسَخَّرَاتٍ بِأَمْرِهِ ۗ أَلَا لَهُ الْخَلْقُ وَالْأَمْرُ ۗ تَبَارَكَ اللَّهُ رَبُّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٥٤﴾ ادْعُوا رَبَّكُمْ تَضَرُّعًا وَخُفْيَةً ۚ إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُعْتَدِينَ ﴿٥٥﴾ وَلَا تُفْسِدُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ بَعْدَ إِصْلَاحِهَا وَادْعُوهُ خَوْفًا وَطَمَعًا ۚ إِنَّ رَحْمَتَ اللَّهِ قَرِيبٌ مِّنَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿٥٦﴾

(uthmani) \quranayah*[Al-A'raaf] [54-56]



إِنَّ رَبَّكُمُ اللَّهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ فِي سِتَّةِ أَيَّامٍ ثُمَّ اسْتَوَىٰ عَلَى الْعَرْشِ يُغْشِي اللَّيْلَ النَّهَارَ يَطْلُبُهُ حَبِثًا وَالشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمَرَ وَالنُّجُومَ مُسَخَّرَاتٍ بِأَمْرِهِ ۗ أَلَا لَهُ الْخَلْقُ وَالْأَمْرُ ۗ تَبَارَكَ اللَّهُ رَبُّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٥٤﴾ ادْعُوا رَبَّكُمْ تَضَرُّعًا وَخُفْيَةً ۚ إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُعْتَدِينَ ﴿٥٥﴾ وَلَا تُفْسِدُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ بَعْدَ إِصْلَاحِهَا وَادْعُوهُ خَوْفًا وَطَمَعًا ۚ إِنَّ رَحْمَتَ اللَّهِ قَرِيبٌ مِّنَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿٥٦﴾

(uthmani-min) \quranayah*[Al-A'raaf] [54-56]



إِنَّ رَبَّكُمُ اللَّهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ فِي سِتَّةِ أَيَّامٍ ثُمَّ اسْتَوَىٰ عَلَى الْعَرْشِ يُغْشِي اللَّيْلَ النَّهَارَ يَطْلُبُهُ حَبِثًا وَالشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمَرَ وَالنُّجُومَ مُسَخَّرَاتٍ بِأَمْرِهِ ۗ أَلَا لَهُ الْخَلْقُ وَالْأَمْرُ ۗ تَبَارَكَ اللَّهُ رَبُّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٥٤﴾ ادْعُوا رَبَّكُمْ تَضَرُّعًا وَخُفْيَةً ۚ إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُعْتَدِينَ ﴿٥٥﴾ وَلَا تُفْسِدُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ بَعْدَ إِصْلَاحِهَا وَادْعُوهُ خَوْفًا وَطَمَعًا ۚ إِنَّ رَحْمَتَ اللَّهِ قَرِيبٌ مِّنَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿٥٦﴾

Starting from version 1.3, the package is capable of typesetting the transliteration of the Holy Quran. This feature is particularly useful for those unfamiliar with reading Arabic script. By enabling the `translt` option, all macros defined in Section 2 will also have a corresponding “lt” version. In other words, the following macros are introduced through this option:

- | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| • \quransurahlt | • \quranjuzlt | • \quranrukult |
| • \quranayahlt | • \quranhizblt | • \quranmanzillt |
| • \quranpagelt | • \quranquarterlt | • \qurantextlt |

\quransurahlt[108]



Bismi Allāhi alrrahmāni alrrahcemi
Inna aAAataynaka alkawthara (1)
Faṣalli lirabbika wainḥar (2)
Inna shaniaka huwa alabtaru (3)

\quransurah[108]



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ
إِنَّا أَعْطَيْنَاكَ الْكَوْثَرَ ﴿١﴾
فَصَلِّ لِرَبِّكَ وَانْحَرْ ﴿٢﴾
إِنَّ شَانِئَكَ هُوَ الْأَبْتَرُ ﴿٣﴾

The package supports typesetting translations of the Holy Quran in various languages. These options were introduced in response to user requests for translations in their respective languages. By loading `transde`, `transen`, `transfr`, or `transfa`, additional macros are provided for typesetting translations in German, English, French, and Persian, respectively.

By loading each of these options, all macros defined in section 2 will have a “de”/“en”/“fr”/“fa” version. In other words, these options will add the following macros:

transde option:

- \quransurahde
- \quranayahde
- \quranpagede
- \quranjuzde
- \quranhizbde
- \quranquarterde
- \quranrukude
- \quranmanzilde
- \qurantextde

transen option:

- \quransurahren
- \quranayahen
- \quranpageen
- \quranjuzen
- \quranhizben
- \quranquarteren
- \quranrukuen
- \quranmanzilen
- \qurantexten

transfr option:

- \quransurahfr
- \quranayahfr
- \quranpagefr
- \quranjuzfr
- \quranhizbfr
- \quranquarterfr
- \quranrukuf
- \quranmanzilfr
- \qurantextfr

transfa option:

- \quransurahfa
- \quranayahfa
- \quranpagefa
- \quranjuzfa
- \quranhizbfa
- \quranquarterfa
- \quranrukufa
- \quranmanzilfa
- \qurantextfa

All translations are sourced from tanzil.net. For the German, English, French, and Persian languages, the following translators have been selected based on user suggestions: “Abu Rida Muhammad ibn Ahmad ibn Rassoul” for German, “Ahmed Ali” for English, “Muhammad Hamidullah” for French, and “Mohammad Mahdi Fooladvand” for Persian.

The `trans` option is designed to facilitate the simultaneous use of multiple translations. This option accepts any combination of “`lt`”, “`de`”, “`en`”, “`fr`” and “`fa`”. For example, you can specify multiple translations using `trans={de, en, lt}`. Typically, loading all translations simultaneously is not feasible due to $\text{\TeX}$ memory limitations. For more details and potential solutions to overcome this restriction, refer to *Why do I get the “! TeX capacity exceeded” error?* on page 24.

\quransurah*[108]



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ إِنَّا أَعْطَيْنَاكَ الْكَوْثَرَ ﴿١﴾ فَصَلِّ لِرَبِّكَ وَانْحَرْ ﴿٢﴾ إِنَّ شَانِئَكَ هُوَ الْأَبْتَرُ ﴿٣﴾

\quransurahen[108]



In the name of Allah, most benevolent, ever-merciful.
 HAVE SURELY given you pre-eminence (in numbers and following); (1)
 So serve your Lord with full dedication and sacrifice. (2)
 It is surely your opponents whose line will come to end. (3)

\quransurahde[108]



Im Namen Allahs, des Allerbarms, des Barmherzigen!
 Wir haben dir die Überfülle gegeben. (1)
 Darum bete zu deinem Herrn und schlachte (Opfertiere). (2)
 Wahrlich, der dich haßt, ist es, der (vom Segen der Nachkommenschaft) abgeschnitten ist. (3)

\quransurahfr[108]



Au nom d'Allah, le Tout Miséricordieux, le Très Miséricordieux.
 Nous t'avons certes, accordé l'Abondance. (1)
 Accomplis la Salât pour ton Seigneur et sacrifie. (2)
 Celui qui te hait sera certes, sans postérité. (3)

\quransurahfa[108]



به نام خداوند رحمتگر مهربان
 ما تو را [چشمه] کوثر دادیم، (1)
 پس برای پروردگارت نماز گزار و قربانی کن. (2)
 دشمنت خود بی تبار خواهد بود. (3)

4 Warsh Riwayah

warsh

The **warsh** option typesets the Holy Quran in the riwayat of Warsh from Nafi', using the text of the King Fahd Glorious Quran Printing Complex (KFGQPC) instead of the default riwayat of Hafs (Section 1). Warsh counts verses differently from Hafs: the text has 6214 verses (for example, Al-Baqarah has 285 verses, and Al-Fatiha has 7 verses without the Basmalah), so the verse numbers given to \quranayah, \quranjuz and \quranpage follow the Warsh numbering. Verse 1 of each surah except Al-Fatiha and At-Tawba is preceded by the Basmalah, as in the other options.

```
\usepackage[warsh]{quran}
\newfontfamily\arabicfont[Script=Arabic]{KFGQPC Warsh V3}
```

Font. The package does not select a font. For the Maghribi letter forms and the Warsh marks of the printed Madinah mushaf, use the *KFGQPC Warsh V3* font (version 3.0, *KFGQPC Warsh V30.ttf*); the text of the package is the one of the official Word file shipped with that font, and it uses characters that older versions of the font (V2.1 and before) do not contain. It is the property of KFGQPC and may not be reproduced or modified without their written approval, so it is not distributed with this package: download it from <https://fonts.qurancomplex.gov.sa/warsh-reading> and accept its license. Other Arabic fonts, such as Amiri Quran or Scheherazade, lack some of the characters of this text (U+0870, U+0872, U+0874, U+08CC, ...) and cannot replace it.

Verse numbers. The KFGQPC Warsh V3 font draws the end-of-ayah sign U+06DD together with the digits following it as one number inside an ornament. Use \SetAyahMarkerStyle (see Section 5.4) to print that sign instead of the default braces:

```
\SetAyahMarkerStyle{\char"06DD}{ } % the sign U+06DD, or type it directly
```

Limitations. \quranquarter and \quranruku are not available yet (\quranhizb works and uses the 60 Maghribi hizb of the Warsh mushaf), and the translation options (trans, transen, ...) are disabled with warsh. A complete example is in sample/quran-test-warsh.tex.

trans
transen
warsh

Differences between Hafs and Warsh numbering. The two riwayat share the same text for most of the Holy Quran, but they divide it into verses differently. The Warsh mushaf has 6214 verses against 6236 in Hafs. The verse count differs in 50 of the 114 surahs (Tables 4 and 5), and because the counts accumulate, the same verse can carry a different number from Surah 2 onwards. Always give \quranayah the number of the numbering selected by the package option. For example, the Hafs verse 2:255 (Ayat al-Kursi) is split over the Warsh verses 2:253 and 2:254 (Table 3).

Table 2: Al-Fatiha. Hafs counts the Basmalah as verse 1, Warsh does not, so both end with verse 7 but the verses are not the same.

Hafs	Warsh
بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ﴿١﴾	الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿١﴾
الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٢﴾	الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ﴿٢﴾
الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ﴿٣﴾	مَلِكِ يَوْمِ الدِّينِ ﴿٣﴾
مَلِكِ يَوْمِ الدِّينِ ﴿٤﴾	إِيَّاكَ نَعْبُدُ وَإِيَّاكَ نَسْتَعِينُ ﴿٤﴾
إِيَّاكَ نَعْبُدُ وَإِيَّاكَ نَسْتَعِينُ ﴿٥﴾	اهْدِنَا الصِّرَاطَ الْمُسْتَقِيمَ ﴿٥﴾
اهْدِنَا الصِّرَاطَ الْمُسْتَقِيمَ ﴿٦﴾	صِرَاطَ الَّذِينَ أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ ﴿٦﴾
صِرَاطَ الَّذِينَ أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا الضَّالِّينَ ﴿٧﴾	غَيْرِ الْمَغْضُوبِ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا الضَّالِّينَ ﴿٧﴾

Table 3: Some verses and their number in each riwayat, checked against the text of both (Hafs: Tanzil, Warsh: KFGQPC). Only the beginning of each verse is shown, followed by an ellipsis when the verse continues. Hafs 2:255 is Ayat al-Kursi.

Hafs	Text	Warsh	Text
2:254	يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا أَنْفِقُوا مِمَّا رَزَقْنَاكُمْ ...	2:252	يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا أَنْفِقُوا مِمَّا رَزَقْنَاكُمْ ...
2:255	اللَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ الْحَيُّ الْقَيُّومُ ...	2:253–254	اللَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ الْحَيُّ الْقَيُّومُ ...
2:256	لَا إِكْرَاهَ فِي الدِّينِ قَدْ تَبَيَّنَ الرُّشْدُ مِنَ الْغَيِّ ...	2:255	لَا إِكْرَاهَ فِي الدِّينِ قَدْ تَبَيَّنَ الرُّشْدُ مِنَ الْغَيِّ ...
2:282	يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا إِذَا تَدَانَيْتُمْ بِدِينٍ ...	2:281	يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا إِذَا تَدَانَيْتُمْ بِدِينٍ ...
2:286	لَا يَكْلِفُ اللَّهُ نَفْسًا إِلَّا وُسْعَهَا ...	2:285	لَا يَكْلِفُ اللَّهُ نَفْسًا إِلَّا وُسْعَهَا ...
36:1–2	يَسَّ ۖ وَالْقُرْءَانَ الْحَكِيمَ ﴿٢﴾	36:1	يَسَّ ۖ وَالْقُرْءَانَ الْحَكِيمَ ﴿١﴾

Table 4: Totals in the Hafs and Warsh numbering.

	Hafs	Warsh
Verses in the Holy Quran	6236	6214
Surahs	114	114
Surahs with the same number of verses		64
Surahs with a different number of verses		50
Warsh has more verses		18
Warsh has fewer verses		32

Table 5: Surahs whose number of verses differs between Hafs and Warsh.

No.	Surah	Hafs	Warsh	Warsh–Hafs
2	Al-Baqara	286	285	-1
4	An-Nisaa	176	175	-1
5	Al-Maaida	120	122	+2

No.	Surah	Hafs	Warsh	Warsh–Hafs
6	Al-An’aam	165	167	+2
8	Al-Anfaal	75	76	+1
9	At-Tawba	129	130	+1
11	Hud	123	121	-2
13	Ar-Ra’d	43	44	+1
14	Ibraahim	52	54	+2
17	Al-Israa	111	110	-1
18	Al-Kahf	110	105	-5
19	Maryam	98	99	+1
20	Taa-Haa	135	134	-1
21	Al-Anbiyaa	112	111	-1
22	Al-Hajj	78	76	-2
23	Al-Muminoon	118	119	+1
24	An-Noor	64	62	-2
26	Ash-Shu’araa	227	226	-1
27	An-Naml	93	95	+2
30	Ar-Room	60	59	-1
31	Luqman	34	33	-1
35	Faatir	45	46	+1
36	Yaseen	83	82	-1
38	Saad	88	86	-2
39	Az-Zumar	75	72	-3
40	Ghaafir	85	84	-1
41	Fussilat	54	53	-1
42	Ash-Shura	53	50	-3
44	Ad-Dukhaan	59	56	-3
45	Al-Jaathiya	37	36	-1
46	Al-Ahqaaf	35	34	-1
47	Muhammad	38	39	+1
52	At-Tur	49	47	-2
53	An-Najm	62	61	-1
55	Ar-Rahmaan	78	77	-1
56	Al-Waaqia	96	99	+3
57	Al-Hadid	29	28	-1
58	Al-Mujaadila	22	21	-1
67	Al-Mulk	30	31	+1
71	Nooh	28	30	+2
73	Al-Muzzammil	20	18	-2
74	Al-Muddaththir	56	55	-1
75	Al-Qiyaama	40	39	-1
79	An-Naazi’aat	46	45	-1
89	Al-Fajr	30	32	+2
96	Al-Alaq	19	20	+1
99	Az-Zalzala	8	9	+1
101	Al-Qaari’a	11	10	-1
106	Quraish	4	5	+1
107	Al-Maa’un	7	6	-1

5 Miscellaneous

5.1 Name of Surah

`\surahname[⟨index⟩]`
`\surahname*[⟨index⟩]`

These commands return the Anglicized or Arabic title of the *index*th surah of the Holy Quran, as shown in Table 1 and Table 7.

Table 6: First verse of each juz (surah:verse) in the two numberings. Red entries are the juz whose first verse has a different number.

Juz	Hafs	Warsh	Juz	Hafs	Warsh	Juz	Hafs	Warsh
1	1:1	1:1	11	9:93	9:94	21	29:46	29:46
2	2:142	2:141	12	11:6	11:6	22	33:31	33:31
3	2:253	2:251	13	12:53	12:53	23	36:28	36:27
4	3:93	3:91	14	15:1	15:1	24	39:32	39:31
5	4:24	4:24	15	17:1	17:1	25	41:47	41:46
6	4:148	4:147	16	18:75	18:74	26	46:1	46:1
7	5:82	5:84	17	21:1	21:1	27	51:31	51:31
8	6:111	6:112	18	23:1	23:1	28	58:1	58:1
9	7:88	7:87	19	25:21	25:21	29	67:1	67:1
10	8:41	8:41	20	27:56	27:58	30	78:1	78:1

\surahname[19]  Maryam	\surahname*[19]  مريم
---	--

5.2 Basmalah

\basmalah
\Basmalah

It provides the Basmalah (بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ) in Arabic text. There is a subtle difference between \Basmalah and \basmalah – the latter may be followed by a \par depending on the package option.

\basmalah\quranayah*[14] [1]  بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ الرَّحْمَنُ الرَّحِيمُ أَنْزَلْنَاهُ إِلَيْكَ لِتُخْرِجَ النَّاسَ مِنَ الظُّلُمَاتِ إِلَى النُّورِ بِإِذْنِ رَبِّهِمْ إِلَى صِرَاطٍ الْعَزِيزِ الْحَمِيدِ ﴿١﴾	\Basmalah\space\quranayah*[14] [1]  بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ الرَّحْمَنُ الرَّحِيمُ أَنْزَلْنَاهُ إِلَيْكَ لِتُخْرِجَ النَّاسَ مِنَ الظُّلُمَاتِ إِلَى النُّورِ بِإِذْنِ رَبِّهِمْ إِلَى صِرَاطٍ الْعَزِيزِ الْحَمِيدِ ﴿١﴾
---	---

5.3 Enclosing Ornamental Braces

As of version 1.9, the package introduces a new macro designed to place decorative braces around Quranic text. These ornamental elements are fully customizable, allowing users to adapt the visual appearance to suit specific typographic or stylistic requirements.

To define a pair of custom ornamental braces, use the following macro:

\SetOrnamentalBraces{<opening brace>}{<closing brace>}

5.4 Ayah Marker Style

Starting from version 2.4, the package supports enhanced control over Ayah marker symbols via two dedicated macros:

\SetAyahMarkerStyle{<begin marker>}{<end marker>}
\ResetAyahMarkerStyle

Title	Order	Title	Order	Title	Order	Title	Order
الأعلى	87	الحشر	59	الروم	30	الفاتحة	1
الغاشية	88	المتحنة	60	لقمان	31	البقرة	2
الفجر	89	الصف	61	السجدة	32	آل عمران	3
البد	90	الجمعة	62	الأحزاب	33	النساء	4
الشمس	91	المنافقون	63	سبا	34	المائدة	5
الليل	92	التغابن	64	فاطر	35	الأنعام	6
الضحى	93	الطلاق	65	يس	36	الأعراف	7
الشرح	94	التحریم	66	الصفاء	37	الأنفال	8
التين	95	الملك	67	ص	38	التوبة	9
العلق	96	القلم	68	الزمر	39	يونس	10
القدر	97	الحاقة	69	غافر	40	هود	11
البينة	98	المعارج	70	فصلت	41	يوسف	12
الزلزلة	99	نوح	71	الشورى	42	الرعد	13
العاديات	100	الجن	72	الزخرف	43	إبراهيم	14
القارعة	101	المزمل	73	الدخان	44	الحجر	15
التكاثر	102	المدثر	74	الجاثية	45	النحل	16
العصر	103	القيامة	75	الأحقاف	46	الإسراء	17
الهمزة	104	الإنسان	76	محمد	47	الكهف	18
الفيل	105	المرسلات	77	الفتح	48	مريم	19
قريش	106	النبأ	78	الحجرات	49	طه	20
الماعون	107	النازعات	79	ق	50	الأنبياء	21
الكوثر	108	عبس	80	الذاريات	51	الحج	22
الكافرون	109	التكوير	81	الطور	52	المؤمنون	23
النصر	110	الإنفطار	82	النجم	53	النور	24
المسد	111	المطففين	83	القمر	54	الفرقان	25
الإخلاص	112	الانشقاق	84	الرحمن	55	الشعراء	26
الفلق	113	البروج	85	الواقعة	56	النمل	27
الناس	114	الطارق	86	الحديد	57	القصص	28
				المجادلة	58	العنكبوت	29

Table 7: ARABIC TITLES OF SURAHS

- `\SetAyahMarkerStyle` defines the delimiters used to enclose Ayah numbers.
- `\ResetAyahMarkerStyle` reverts to the package's default Ayah marker formatting.

By default, Ayah markers utilize the glyphs  and , which correspond to classical Arabic typographic ornaments commonly employed in traditional Quranic scripts.

`\SetOrnamentalBraces{[]}\SetAyahMarkerStyle{({})}\quransurah*`



[بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ أَرَأَيْتَ الَّذِي يُكَذِّبُ بِالدِّينِ (١) فَذَلِكَ الَّذِي يَدْعُ الْيَتِيمَ (٢) وَلَا يَحْضُ عَلَى طَعَامِ الْيَتِيمِ (٣) قَوْلٌ لِلْمُصَلِّينَ (٤)
الَّذِينَ هُمْ عَنْ صَلَاتِهِمْ سَاهُونَ (٥) الَّذِينَ هُمْ يُرَاغُونَ (٦) وَيَمْنَعُونَ الْمَاعُونَ (٧)]

5.5 Index Converting

`\indexconvert{<index>}{<surah macro>}{<ayah macro>}`

It converts an index number between 1 and 6236 to its corresponding surah and ayah indices. The index can be either a number or a $\text{\TeX}$ counter. If the surah and ayah macros are not already defined, they will be automatically set as $\text{\TeX}$ counters, representing the surah and ayah of the given index in the text of the Holy Quran.

`\indexconvert`



`\newcount\index \index=5678`

`\indexconvert{\index}{\surahcount}{\ayahcount}`

Index `\the\index\` belongs to ayah number `\the\ayahcount\`
of surah number `\the\surahcount\` (`=\surahname[\the\surahcount]`).

Index 5678 belongs to ayah number 6 of surah number 78 (=An-Naba).

6 Frequently Asked Questions

6.1 What is the most suitable font for typesetting Quranic text?

“Scheherazade”⁷ or “Amiri”⁸ fonts are strongly recommend.

Scheherazade is released under the SIL Open Font License (OFL), version 1.1. Copyright (c) 2004-2015, SIL International (<http://scripts.sil.org/>) with Reserved Font Names “Scheherazade” and “SIL”. As a result, you are free to download it All examples in this document use this font.

Amiri is a classical Arabic typeface in Naskh style designed for typesetting books and other running text. It is a revival of the beautiful typeface pioneered in early 20th century by Bulaq Press in Cairo, also known as Amiria Press, after which the font is named. Amiri is a free, open source project that everyone is encouraged to use and modify.

⁷<http://software.sil.org/scheherazade/>

⁸<http://www.amirifont.org/>

For the riwayat of Warsh (the `warsh` option), the most suitable font is “KFGQPC Warsh V3”⁹ of the King Fahd Glorious Quran Printing Complex; see Section 4.

KFGQPC Warsh V3 follows the Maghribi letter forms and the Warsh marks of the printed Madinah mushaf. It is free to use and copy, but it may not be sold or modified, so it is not shipped with this package.

6.2 How to use the `quran` package?

To typeset Quranic text, you need a package that supports right-to-left (RTL) text and utilizes UTF-8 fonts, as the `quran` package relies on a Unicode database. The recommended packages for this purpose are `polyglossia`, `fontspec`, and `bidi`, which together provide the necessary functionality. Alternatively, you can use `xepersian`, which also relies on `bidi` and `fontspec`. Another option is to use `arabxetex` or `arabluatex`. Note that `arabxetex` works with $\text{Xe}^{\text{L}}\text{A}^{\text{T}}\text{E}^{\text{X}}$, while `arabluatex` is compatible only with $\text{Lua}^{\text{L}}\text{A}^{\text{T}}\text{E}^{\text{X}}$. Both `arabxetex` and `arabluatex` use the Amiri font by default. Below are examples demonstrating all four approaches:

“example: with `polyglossia`, `fontspec`, and `bidi`”

```
\documentclass{article}

\usepackage{quran}

%% for typesetting arabic text
\usepackage{polyglossia}
\setotherlanguage{arabic}

\usepackage{fontspec}
\setmainfont{Scheherazade}

%% for typesetting in Righth-To-Left direction
\usepackage{bidi}

\begin{document}

\setRTL % tell bidi to typeset the text in Righth-To-Left direction
\textarabic{\quransurah}

\end{document}
```

“example: with `xepersian`”

```
\documentclass{article}

\usepackage{quran}

%% for typesetting Persian/Arabic text in Righth-To-Left direction
\usepackage{xepersian}
\settextfont{Scheherazade}

\begin{document}

\quransurah

\end{document}
```

“example: with `arabxetex`”

```
\documentclass{article}

\usepackage{arabxetex} % for typesetting Arabic text in Righth-To-Left direction
\usepackage{quran}

\begin{document}
```

⁹<https://fonts.qurancomplex.gov.sa/warsh-reading>

```
\begin{arab}[utf]
  \quransurah
\end{arab}

\end{document}
```

“example: with arabluatex”

```
\documentclass{article}

\usepackage{arabluatex} % for typesetting Arabic text in Righth-To-Left direction
\usepackage{quran}

\begin{document}

\begin{txarab}
  \quransurah
\end{txarab}

\end{document}
```

6.3 How to set a default font for Quranic text?

To automatically change the font of Quranic text in your document, you can simply precede the `\qurantext` macro with the desired font. For example:

With `fontspec`, put the commands below in the preamble:

```
\newfontfamily\quran{Scheherazade}
\makeatletter
\bidipreto\qurantext{\quran}
\makeatother
```

With `xepersian`, put the following commands in the preamble:

```
\defpersianfont\quran{Scheherazade}
\makeatletter
\bidipreto\qurantext{\quran}
\makeatother
```

By setting the default font as described above, if you want to use `\qurantext`, you must enclose it in curly braces. Otherwise, the font change will affect the subsequent text as well.

```
{\qurantext[x-y]}
```

6.4 How to Typeset a Portion of the Holy Quran in One Paragraph without Ayah Numbers, without Using the `nopar` Option

Just place the code described on page 13 within a group, as shown below:

```
{\ToggleAyahNumber\quransurah*}
```

```
\quransurah* «{\ToggleAyahNumber\quransurah*}» \quransurah*
```



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ قُلْ هُوَ اللَّهُ أَحَدٌ ﴿١﴾ اللَّهُ الصَّمَدُ ﴿٢﴾ لَمْ يَلِدْ وَلَمْ يُولَدْ ﴿٣﴾ وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ كُفُوًا أَحَدٌ ﴿٤﴾ «بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ قُلْ هُوَ اللَّهُ أَحَدٌ ﴿١﴾ اللَّهُ الصَّمَدُ ﴿٢﴾ لَمْ يَلِدْ وَلَمْ يُولَدْ ﴿٣﴾ وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ كُفُوًا أَحَدٌ ﴿٤﴾» بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ قُلْ هُوَ اللَّهُ أَحَدٌ ﴿١﴾ اللَّهُ الصَّمَدُ ﴿٢﴾ لَمْ يَلِدْ وَلَمْ يُولَدْ ﴿٣﴾ وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ كُفُوًا أَحَدٌ ﴿٤﴾

6.5 How to Colorize the Ayah Marker

The `\SetAyahMarkerStyle` macro allows you to customize the symbols or formatting that appear before and after each Ayah number. The two arguments of the macro will appear immediately before and after of the Ayah number. For example, to use ornamental braces around the number, you may write:

```
\SetAyahMarkerStyle{\textcolor{red}\bgroup}{\egroup}
```

This configuration will render the Ayah number enclosed in traditional Quranic markers.

6.6 Why Do I Get the “! TeX capacity exceeded” Error?

The invention of TeX dates back several decades. Despite the advancements in modern hardware, TeX was originally designed to operate efficiently on the relatively limited computer resources available at the time of its creation. The `quran` package includes numerous macros that can potentially exhaust TeX’s memory, occasionally resulting in compilation errors. To address this issue, one approach is to increase TeX’s memory allocation. Detailed instructions on how to do this can be found in the section titled “Memory Limitations” in the `pgfplots` manual. However, simply expanding TeX’s memory may not always be the most effective solution. A more practical approach might be to reconsider the design of your document. For instance, when using the `wordwise` option, you might encounter “! TeX capacity exceeded” errors, particularly when employing the starred versions of macros that output large portions of Quranic text.

In such cases, you can achieve a similar output by processing smaller chunks. For example, if you encounter errors when attempting to typeset the first ten juzes with the `\quranjuz*[1-10]` command, consider breaking the task into smaller segments.

```
! TeX capacity exceeded, sorry [main memory size=5000000]
or
! TeX capacity exceeded, sorry [parameter stack size=10000]
```

It would be more effective to typeset each Juz separately or even each page within the desired range. For instance, you can use the commands `\quranjuz*[1]` `\quranjuz*[2] ... \quranjuz*[10]` or `\quranpage*[1]` `\quranpage*[2] ... \quranpage*[201]` to accomplish this.

7 History

[2015/06/01 v0.1]

- Initial release in ParsiLaTeX group under the name `qurantext`.
- Added `\qurantext` macro.

[2015/06/02 v0.2]

- Redefined `\do@qt` in a non-recursive style to prevent TeX stack overflow issues. The previous recursive version occasionally caused stack overflows. Thanks to *Masoud Yazdani* for suggesting the solution.

[2015/06/02 v0.3]

- Added Ayah numbers at the end of each verse in the output. Thanks to *Mahmood AminToosi* for suggesting this feature.

[2015/06/04 v0.4]

- Added `\surahname` macro to output the Arabic or Anglicized title of a surah, based on text direction.
- Renamed the package from `qurantext` to `quran`.

[2015/06/24 v0.5]

- Added `\quranayah` macro to output a *⟨range⟩* of ayahs from a surah.
- Added `\quransurah` macro to output a *⟨range⟩* of surahs.
- Special thanks to *Mahmood AminToosi* for suggesting these new features.

[2015/06/28 v0.6]

- Added `\quranjuz` macro to output a juz’s range of the Holy Quran.

[2015/06/30 v0.7]

- Added `\quranpage` macro to output one or more pages of the Holy Quran.

[2015/07/02 v0.71]

- Added a `\par` command after the Basmalah, following the suggestion of *Mahmood AminToosi*.

[2015/07/02 v0.72]

- Introduced the `\basmalah` macro to typeset the Basmalah: بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ.

[2015/07/04 v0.8]

- Added the `\quranquarter` and `\quranruku` macros.

[2015/07/07 v0.9]

- Added the `\quranhizb` and `\quranmanzil` macros.
- The package was uploaded to CTAN.

[2015/07/10 v0.91]

- The default option for `\quransurah` was set to “Al-Ikhlaas”.

[2015/07/11 v0.94]

- Added two new macros, `\ChangeAyahNumber` and `\ChangeBasmalah`, to customize the appearance of ayah numbers and basmalah.
- Fixed a minor bug related to extra white spaces around one ayah, with thanks to *Masoud Yazdani* for reporting the issue.

[2015/07/11 v0.941]

- Reduced the size of the “quran script” file by moving `\qt@par` into the `\qurantext` macro.

[2016/02/05 v1.0]

- Added support for using anglicized titles of surahs, as well as their indexes, in `\quransurah` and `\quranayah`.

[2016/02/09 v1.05]

- Renamed `\ChangeBasmalah` and `\ChangeAyahNumber` to `\ToggleBasmalah` and `\ToggleAyahNumber`, respectively.
- Fixed a minor bug in `\quransurah*` that caused unwanted extra spaces in the output. Thanks to *Hosein Behboody* for reporting this issue.

[2016/04/21 v1.1]

- Introduced `\indexconvert` macro, which converts a number between 1 to 6236 to its exact surah and ayah number in the entire text of the Quran.

[2016/05/15 v1.14]

- Documentation updates.

[2016/10/05 v1.2]

- Added support for Uthmani script via `uthmani` option, as requested by one of the package's users.

[2016/11/07 v1.21]

- Fixed some minor bugs related to uploading to CTAN

[2016/11/08 v1.22]

- The sources of two PDF files used in the documentation were appended to the bundle.

[2016/11/12 v1.24]

- Documentation updates.
- Pause marks (waqf symbols) were missed from the penultimate version of uthmani script.

[2016/11/15 v1.241]

- Documentation updates.

[2016/12/25 v1.25]

- Documentation updates.

[2016/12/25 v1.251]

- Documentation updates.

[2017/02/28 v1.252]

- Minor improvements.

[2017/08/22 v1.26]

- Minor improvements
- Fixed a bug in `\quranayah[x][y]` by enclosing it in a group. Thanks to *Sayyed Saieed Mosavi Nadooshani* for reporting this issue.
- Documentation updates.

[2016/08/22 v1.261]

- Documentation updates—corrected a typo in version number.

[2017/10/22 v1.3]

- Added support for transliteration. Now all macros include an “lt” version for typesetting transliteration of the original macros. Thanks to *Hamidreza Ahmadian* for suggesting this feature.

[2017/10/28 v1.4]

- Added Persian, English, and Deutsch translations with the inclusion of the “fa”, “en”, and “de” versions of macros. Three new options, `transfa`, `transen`, and `transde`, have been introduced to enable these translations.
- Introduced a new option, `trans`, which can accept values ‘lt’, ‘en’, ‘de’, and ‘fa’ separated by commas, allowing for the simultaneous use of multiple translations.

[2017/12/22 v1.41]

- In previous versions, the `\quransurah` and `\quranayah` macros were case-sensitive with regard to surah names. From this version onward, both macros are case-insensitive. This change allows for any combination of uppercase and lowercase letters when specifying surah names, so “Al-Fatihda”, “al-fatiha”, and “al-Fatiha” are treated equivalently.

[2017/12/22 v1.42]

- Starting from this version, the `\quransurahX` and `\quranayahX` macros also support case-insensitivity for the anglicized titles of surahs. Here, ‘X’ represents the language codes ‘en’ (English), ‘de’ (Deutsch), ‘fa’ (Persian), or ‘lt’ (Latin). This ensures that variations in capitalization do not affect the macro’s functionality.

[2017/12/22 v1.42a]

- Documentation update—A typo has been corrected.
- Some files were missed in the last CTAN update.

[2018/11/29 v1.42b]

- A typo in `quran-transde.def` has been corrected.

[2018/12/01]

- `quran-de` package is released, adding support for three more translations in German.

[2018/12/31 v1.5]

- Minor bugs in `\ToggleBasmalah` and `\quransurah` have been fixed.

[2019/05/03]

- `quran-ur` package is released, adding eight translations in Urdu.

[2019/05/04 v1.51]

- A typo in `quran-transde.def` has been corrected.

[2020/03/07 v1.6]

- Added support for getting any chunks of an ayah with two extra optional arguments for `\qurantext` and `\quranayah`. This feature was suggested and financially supported by *Atiyah Elsheikh*. May God bless him.
- `\Basmalah` now outputs basmalah without any surrounding whitespaces.
- Documentation has been revised.

[2020/03/09 v1.61]

- The current font of the text is now applied to footnotes when `\quranayah` or `\qurantext` is called with its + optional argument. Previously, footnotes used the Amiri font.

[2020/03/12 v1.62]

- The license has been updated from LPPL Version 1.3 to LPPL Version 1.3c.

[2020/03/14 v1.63]

- Pause marks (waqf symbols) have been removed from `\quranayah` and `\qurantext` when the optional parameter [*chunk range*] is used.

[2020/06/10 v1.7]

- French translation added with the introduction of the “fr” version of macros. The new option `transfr` is defined for this translation.
- A new value `fr` has been added to the `trans` option.
- Documentation updates.

[2020/06/12 v1.7a]

- Some of the missed files related to the French translation were uploaded to CTAN.

[2020/10/14 v1.8]

- Added a new option ‘uthmani-min’; it behaves the same as the ‘uthmani’ option prior to this release.
- The ‘uthmani’ option now typesets the text of the Holy Quran with more diacritical marks, as requested on [this issue](#)..

[2021/02/01]

- **quran-bn** package is released, adding two translations in Bengali, as requested on [this issue](#).

[2021/02/02 v1.81]

- Documentation update in compliance with the first release of the **quran-bn** package.

[2023/06/28 v1.9; Eid al-Adha 1444 AH]

- The new option ‘ornbraces’ adds ornamental braces around the Quran text.
- The `\SetOrnamentalBraces` command allows for the personalization of the ornamental braces surrounding the Quran text.

[2023/07/10 v2.0]

- The text of the Holy Quran in the package has been updated to comply with [Tanzil text version 1.1](#).

[2023/07/27 v2.1]

- Anglicized names of Quran surahs revised using [Quran Metadata](#). See Table 8
- Fixed the issue with dropping `\par` introduced in version 1.9.

[2023/08/01 v2.2]

- Added support for old Anglicized names of Quran surahs, ensuring backward compatibility with previous versions of the package.

[2023/11/01]

- **quran-id** package is released, adding three translations in Indonesian as requested on [this issue](#).

[2023/11/04]

- **quran-en** package is released, adding three translations in English as requested on [this issue](#).

[2023/12/21]

- [Quran Plugin](#) for [gedit text editor](#) released to typeset Quranic Ayat, including full scripts and companion Quran package macros

[2024/09/05]

- **quran-es** package is released, adding three translations in Spanish as requested on [this issue](#).

[2024/09/07 v2.3]

- Documentation update with the release of **quran-es**.

Order	Ver. $\leq$ 2.0	Ver. $\geq$ 2.1	Order	Ver. $\leq$ 2.0	Ver. $\geq$ 2.1
1	Al-Fatiha	Al-Faatiha	3	Aal-e-Imran	Aal-i-Imraan
4	An-Nisa	An-Nisaa	5	Al-Maeda	Al-Maaida
6	Al-Anaam	Al-An'aam	7	Al-Araf	Al-A'raaf
8	Al-Anfal	Al-Anfaal	9	At-Taubah	At-Tawba
13	Ar-Rad	Ar-Ra'd	14	Ibrahim	Ibraahim
17	Al-Isra	Al-Israa	20	Taha	Taa-Haa
21	Al-Anbiya	Al-Anbiyaa	23	Al-Mumenoon	Al-Muminoon
25	Al-Furqan	Al-Furqaan	26	Ash-Shuara	Ash-Shu'araa
33	Al-Ahzab	Al-Ahzaab	35	Fatir	Faatir
36	Ya-Seen	Yaseen	37	As-Saaffat	As-Saaffaat
38	Sad	Saad	40	Ghafir	Ghaafir
44	Ad-Dukhan	Ad-Dukhaan	45	Al-Jathiya	Al-Jaathiya
46	Al-Ahqaf	Al-Al-Ahqaaf	49	Al-Hujraat	Al-Hujuraat
50	Qaf	Qaaf	51	Adh-Dhariyat	Adh-Dhaariyat
52	At-tur	At-Tur	55	Al-Rahman	Ar-Rahmaan
56	Al-Waqia	Al-Waaqia	58	Al-Mujadila	Al-Mujaadila
60	Al-Mumtahina	Al-Mumtahana	62	Al-Jumua	Al-Jumu'a
63	Al-Munafiqoon	Al-Munaafiqoon	64	At-Taghabun	At-Taghaabun
65	At-Talaq	At-Talaaq	70	Al-Maarij	Al-Ma'aarij
74	Al-Muddathir	Al-Muddaththir	75	Al-Qiyama	Al-Qiyaama
76	Al-Insan	Al-Insaan	77	Al-Mursalat	Al-Mursalaat
79	An-Naziat	An-Naazi'aat	82	Al-Infitar	Al-Infitaar
84	Al-Inshiqaq	Al-Inshiqaaq	86	At-Tariq	At-Taariq
87	Al-Ala	Al-A'laa	88	Al-Ghashiya	Al-Ghaashiya
93	Ad-Dhuha	Ad-Dhuhaa	94	Al-Inshirah	Ash-Sharh
99	Al-Zalzala	Az-Zalzala	100	Al-Adiyat	Al-Aadiyaat
101	Al-Qaria	Al-Qaari'a	102	At-Takathur	At-Takaathur
107	Al-Maun	Al-Maa'un	108	Al-Kauther	Al-Kawthar
109	Al-Kafiroon	Al-Kaafiroon	111	Al-Masadd	Al-Masad
112	Al-Ikhlās	Al-Ikhlaas	114	An-Nas	An-Naas

Table 8: Revision of Anglicized Names of Quran Surahs in ver. 2.1

[2025/03/31 v2.31]

- New implementation of the `\qt@no` macro in `quran.sty` to optimize space usage in Quran text scripts.
- In compliance with the new implementation, all other Quran packages have been updated accordingly.

[2025/04/25 v2.4]

- `\SetAyahMarkerStyle` allows users to customize the visual style of Ayah markers, including the symbols that surround the verse numbers.
- `\ResetAyahMarkerStyle` restores the Ayah marker style to the package's default setting, using ﴿ and﴾.

[2025/04/26 v2.41]

- The `ornbraces` package option has been deprecated and removed. The macros `\SetOrnamentalBraces`, `\SetAyahMarkerStyle`, and `\ResetAyahMarkerStyle` are now available by default and no longer require explicit option activation.

[2026/03/12 v2.42]

- Introduced the `nobasmalah` package option, which suppresses the typesetting of the Basmalah at the beginning of surahs.

[2026/09/27 v2.5]

- Arabic translation of this documentation, `quran-doc-ar.tex`, translated by Soualmia Rashid, is released and shipped with the package.

[2026/10/28 v2.6]

- Introduced the `warsh` package option for the riwayat of Warsh from Nafi' (KFGQPC text, version 3.0, 6214 verses), suggested by *Mohamed Naji*. Quarters, rukus and translations are not available with it yet.
- New sample `quran-test-warsh.tex` and a section in this documentation comparing the Hafs and Warsh verse numbering.

Date	Ver.	Feature
2015/06/01	0.1	• Initial release in <code>ParsiLaTeX</code> , named <code>qurantext</code> .
2015/06/02	0.2	• <code>\qurantext</code>
2015/06/02	0.3	• Implementation of <code>\do@qt</code> in a non-recursive style.
2015/06/04	0.4	• Ayah's number has been appended to each verse.
2015/06/24	0.5	• <code>\surahname</code> outputs the Arabic/Anglicized title of a surah.
2015/06/28	0.6	• The package renamed to <code>quran</code> .
2015/06/30	0.7	• <code>\quranayah</code> and <code>\quransurah</code>
2015/07/02	0.71	• <code>\quranjuz</code>
2015/07/02	0.72	• <code>\quranpage</code>
2015/07/04	0.8	• Basmalah was followed by a <code>\par</code> .
2015/07/07	0.9	• <code>\basmalah</code> – بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ.
2015/07/10	0.91	• <code>\quranquarter</code> and <code>\quranruku</code> .
2015/07/11	0.94	• <code>\quranhizb</code> and <code>\quranmanzil</code> .
2015/07/11	0.941	• Initial release of the package in CTAN.
2016/02/05	1.0	• “Al-Ikhlaas” as a default parameter for <code>\quransurah</code> .
2016/02/09	1.05	• <code>\ChangeAyahNumber</code> and <code>\ChangeBasmalah</code> .
2016/04/21	1.1	• Resolved a minor bug.
2016/05/15	1.14	• Improvement in <code>\qurantext</code> .
2016/10/05	1.2	• <code>\quransurah</code> and <code>\quranayah</code> support anglicized title of surahs.
2016/11/07	1.21	• <code>\ChangeBasmalah</code> and <code>\ChangeAyahNumber</code> renamed to <code>\ToggleBasmalah</code> and <code>\ToggleAyahNumber</code> .
2016/11/08	1.22	• Fixed a minor bug in <code>\quransurah*</code> .
2016/11/12	1.24	• <code>\indexconvert</code>
2016/11/15	1.241	• Documentation updates.
2016/12/25	1.25	• Added <code>uthmani</code> option supporting Uthmani script.
2016/12/25	1.251	• Fixed some minor bugs.
2017/02/28	1.252	• Documentation updates.
2017/08/22	1.26	• Documentation updates.
2017/08/22	1.261	• Pause marks (waqf symbols) were missed from uthmani script.
2017/10/22	1.3	• Documentation updates.
2017/10/28	1.4	• Added support for transliteration via <code>translt</code> option.
2017/12/22	1.41	• Persian, English, and Deutsch translations via <code>transfa</code> , <code>transen</code> , and <code>transde</code> options.
2017/12/22	1.42	• <code>trans</code> option with ‘lt’, ‘en’, ‘de’, and ‘fa’ values.
2017/12/22	1.42a	• Case-insensitive <code>\quransurah</code> and <code>\quranayah</code> .
2018/11/29	1.42b	• Case-insensitive <code>\quransurahX</code> and <code>\quranayahX</code>
2018/12/01	1.5	• $X \in \{\text{‘en’}, \text{‘de’}, \text{‘fa’}, \text{‘lt’}\}$.
2018/12/31	1.51	• Documentation updates.
2019/05/03	1.6	• Fixed a typo in <code>quran-transde.def</code> .
2019/05/04	1.61	• Initial release of the quran-de package
2020/03/07	1.62	• Bug fix in <code>\ToggleBasmalah</code> and <code>\quransurah</code> .
2020/03/09	1.63	• Initial release of the quran-ur package
2020/03/12	1.66	• Fixed a typo in <code>quran-transde.def</code> .
2020/03/14	1.7	• <code>\qurantext</code> and <code>\quranayah</code> support any chunks of an ayah.
2020/06/10	1.7a	• <code>\Basmalah</code> • Documentation revision.
2020/06/12	1.7a	• Minor update in <code>\quranayah</code> and <code>\qurantext</code> .
		• License updated to LPPL Version 1.3c.
		• Removed pause marks with <code><chunk range></code> optional parameter.
		• French translation available via <code>transfr</code> option, or <code>trans</code> option with ‘fr’ value.
		• CTAN upload correction.

continued on next page

Date	Ver.	Feature
2020/10/14	1.8	• Renamed ‘uthmani’ to ‘uthmani-min’. • ‘uthmani’ now typesets text of the Holy Quran with more diacritical marks.
2021/02/01		Initial release of the quran-bn package
2021/02/02	1.81	• Documentation updates.
2023/06/28	1.9	• Added ‘ornbraces’ option. • <code>\SetOrnamentalBraces</code> to customize the ornamental braces.
2023/07/10	2.0	• Quran text update in compliance with tanzil version 1.1.
2023/07/27	2.1	• Revised Anglicized names of Quran surahs.
2023/08/01	2.2	• Added support for old Anglicized names of Quran surahs.
2023/11/01		Initial release of the quran-id package
2023/11/04		Initial release of the quran-en package
2023/12/21		Quran Plugin for gedit Text Editor
2024/09/05		Initial release of the quran-es package
2024/09/07	2.3	• Documentation improvements.
2025/03/31	2.31	• Reimplemented the <code>\qt@no</code> macro.
2025/04/25	2.4	• Introduced the <code>\SetAyahMarkerStyle</code> macro to customize the Ayah number style. • Introduced the <code>\ResetAyahMarkerStyle</code> macro to restore the default behavior.
2025/04/26	2.41	• Deprecated the <code>ornbraces</code> option.
2026/03/12	2.42	• Introduced the <code>nobasmalah</code> option.
2026/09/27	2.5	• Arabic translation of the documentation, <code>quran-doc-ar.tex</code>.
2026/10/28	2.6	• Introduced the <code>warsh</code> option (riwayah of Warsh, 6214 verses). • New sample <code>quran-test-warsh.tex</code> and Hafs/Warsh comparison tables.

Table 9: Brief History of the quran Development