

# R Package Copula

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# Backgrounds

- Copulas have become a widely used tool for modeling multivariate dependence in a variety of fields.
- Software implementation is important in promoting the application of copulas.
- Spplus has a collection of functions for copulas modeling in the `finmetrics` module.
  - Commercial
  - Bivariate copulas only
- Need a platform for the development of copula methods and applications.

# Copulas

- A copula  $C$  is a multivariate distribution whose margins are all uniform over  $(0, 1)$ :

$$C(u_1, \dots, u_p) = \Pr(U_1 \leq u_1, \dots, U_p \leq u_p).$$

- Sklar's canonical representation theorem (1959): A multivariate joint distribution can be represented by its marginal distribution and a copula:

$$F(x_1, \dots, x_p) = C[F_1(x_1), \dots, F_p(x_p)].$$

The copula is unique if the margins are continuous. Otherwise, only the sub-copulas is uniquely determined on  $\text{Ran } F_1 \times \dots \times \text{Ran } F_p$ .

- Separates the marginals and the associations.

# Why R

- Quote from <http://www.r-project.org>: “R is a free software environment for statistical computing and graphics.”
- Open source.
- Compiles and runs on a wide variety of UNIX platforms, Windows and MacOS.
- Cutting-edge development; hundreds of contributed packages.
- Excellent graphics.
- Easy interface with lower level compiled code (C/C++, Fortran)
- Active developer-user interaction.

# Features of the Copula Package

- Classes (S4) of commonly used copula families
  - Elliptical copulas: normal, t, Clayton, Frank, and Gumbel
  - Archimedean copulas
  - Extreme value copulas (to be implemented)
- Dimension can be greater than 2.
- Methods
  - density
  - distribution
  - random number generator
- Graphics: perspective plot, contour plot.

# Load the Package

The package `copula` depends on contributed packages `mvtnorm`, `scatterplot3d`, and package `sn`.

```
> library(copula)
```

```
Loading required package: mvtnorm
```

```
Loading required package: scatterplot3d
```

```
Loading required package: sn
```

# Copula Objects: Elliptical

- An object of class `normalCopula` can be created by

```
> n.cop <- normalCopula(param = c(0.9, 0.5,  
+ 0.2), dim = 3, dispstr = "un")
```

or, since `normalCopula` inherits `ellipCopula`, by

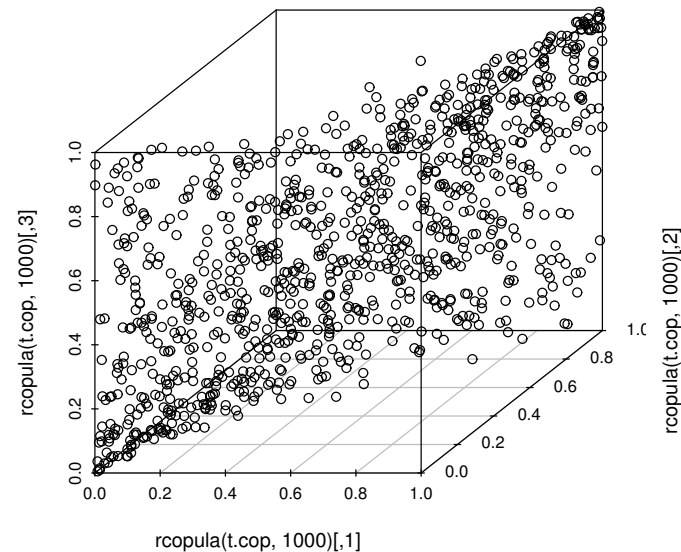
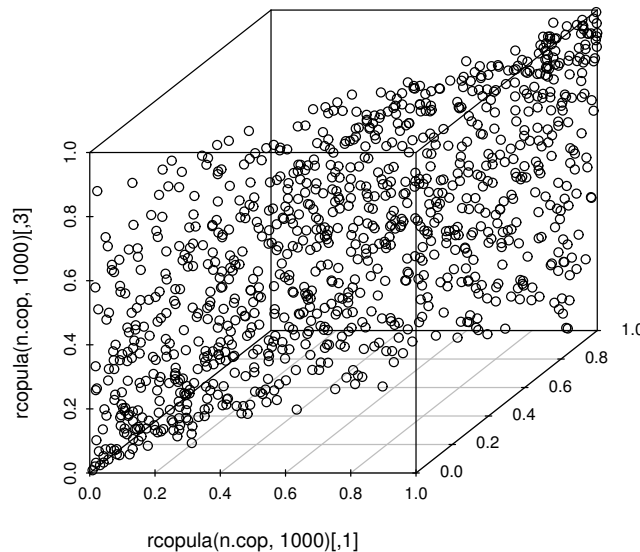
```
> n.cop <- ellipCopula(family = "normal",  
+ param = c(0.9, 0.5, 0.2), dim = 3,  
+ dispstr = "un")
```

- An object of class `tCopula` can be created similarly with an extra argument for the degrees of freedom, `df`.

```
> t.cop <- tCopula(param = c(0.9, 0.5, 0.2),  
+ df = 5, dim = 3, dispstr = "un")
```

# 3d Scatter Plot

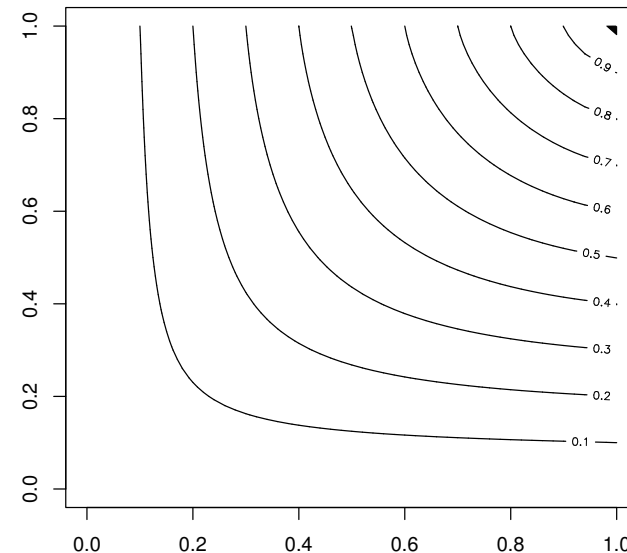
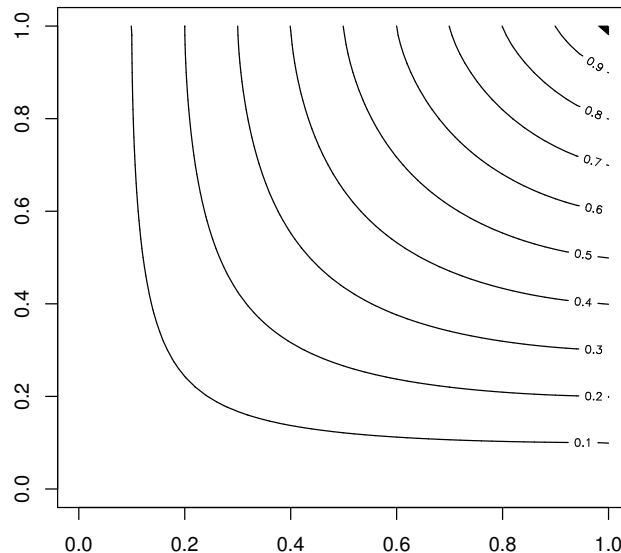
```
> par(mfrow = c(1, 2))  
> scatterplot3d(rcopula(n.cop, 1000))  
> scatterplot3d(rcopula(t.cop, 1000))
```





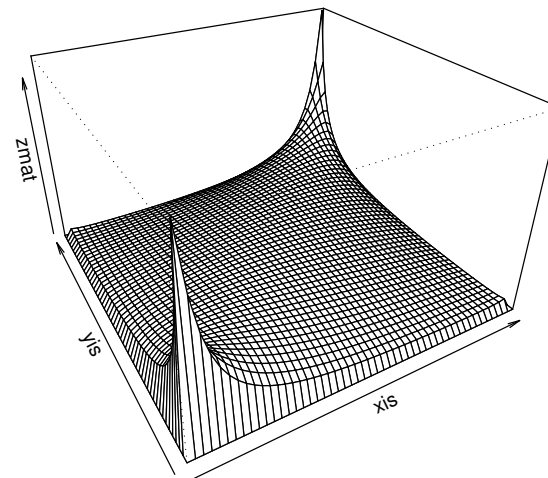
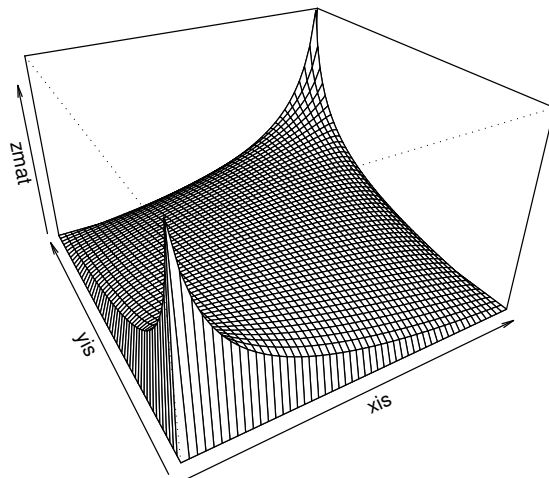
# Contour Plot

```
> par(mfrow = c(1, 2))  
> contour(normalCopula(0.5), pcopula)  
> contour(tCopula(0.5), pcopula)
```



# Perspective Plot

```
> par(mfrow = c(1, 2))  
> persp(normalCopula(0.5), dcopula)  
> persp(tCopula(0.5), dcopula)
```



# Copula Objects: ArchmCopula

Creating Archimedean copulas:

```
> ccop <- claytonCopula(3, dim = 3)
> gcop <- gumbelCopula(10, dim = 3)
```

Expressions for the pdf and cdf of an Archimedean copula are obtained symbolically.

```
> ccop@exprdist$pdf
```

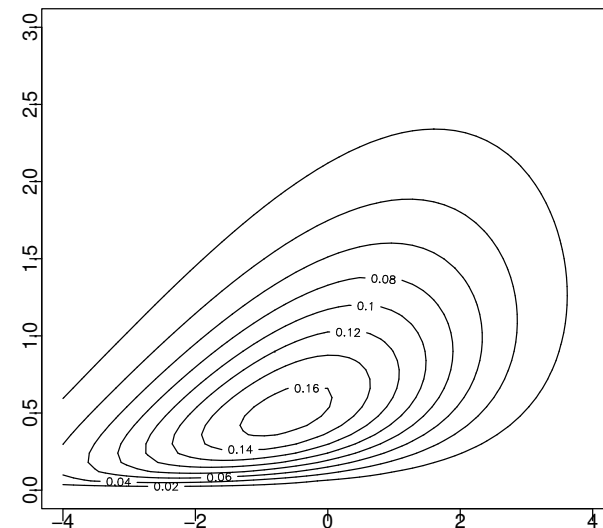
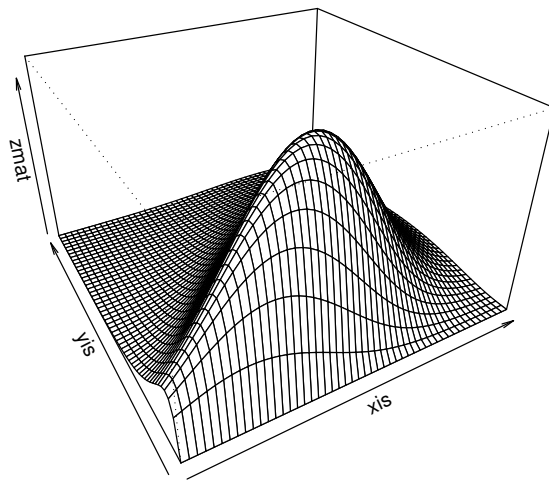
```
(1 + (u1^(-alpha) - 1 + u2^(-alpha) - 1 + u3^(-alpha) - 1))^(((((-1/alpha) -
1) - 1) - 1) * ((((-1/alpha) - 1) - 1) * (u3^((-alpha) -
1) * (-alpha))) * (((-1/alpha) - 1) * (u2^((-alpha) - 1) *
(-alpha))) * ((-1/alpha) * (u1^((-alpha) - 1) * (-alpha)))
```

# Multivariate Distribution Via Copula

```
> mv.norm <- mvdc(normalCopula(0.5), c("norm",  
+   "gamma"), list(list(mean = 0, sd = 2),  
+   list(rate = 2, shape = 2)))  
> x <- rmvdc(mv.norm, 1000)  
> x.dens <- dmvc(mv.norm, x)  
> x.cdf <- pmvc(mv.norm, x)  
> mv.gumb <- mvdc(gumbelCopula(2), c("norm",  
+   "gamma"), list(list(mean = 0, sd = 2),  
+   list(rate = 2, shape = 2)))  
> mv.fran <- mvdc(francopula(5.735), c("norm",  
+   "gamma"), list(list(mean = 0, sd = 2),  
+   list(rate = 2, shape = 2)))
```

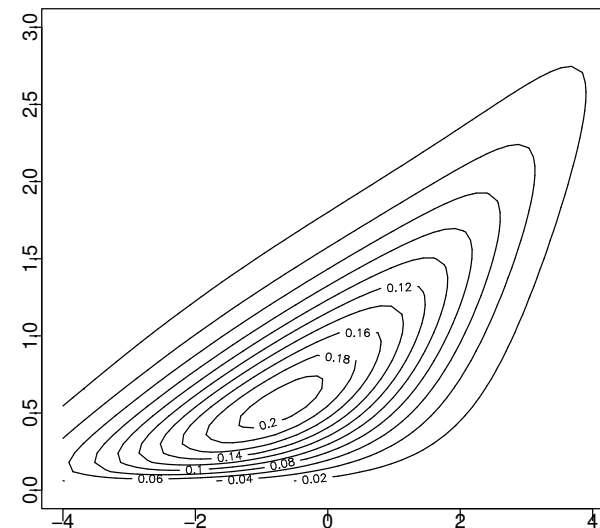
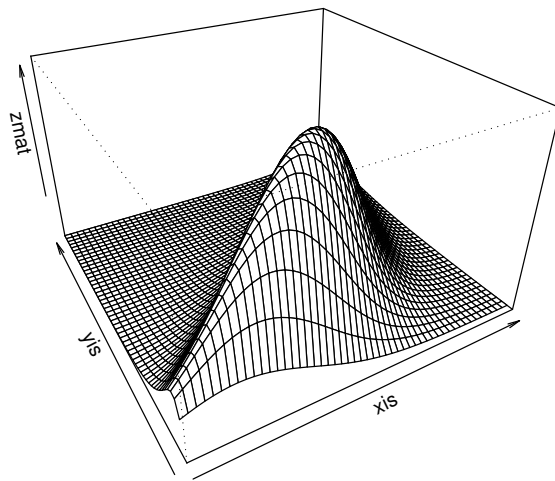
# Multivariate Dependence: normalCopula

```
> par(mfrow = c(1, 2), mgp = c(0, 0, 0))  
> persp(mv.norm, dmvd, xis = seq(-4, 4,  
+       len = 51), yis = seq(0, 3, len = 51))  
> contour(mv.norm, dmvd, xis = seq(-4,  
+       4, len = 51), yis = seq(0, 3, len = 51))
```



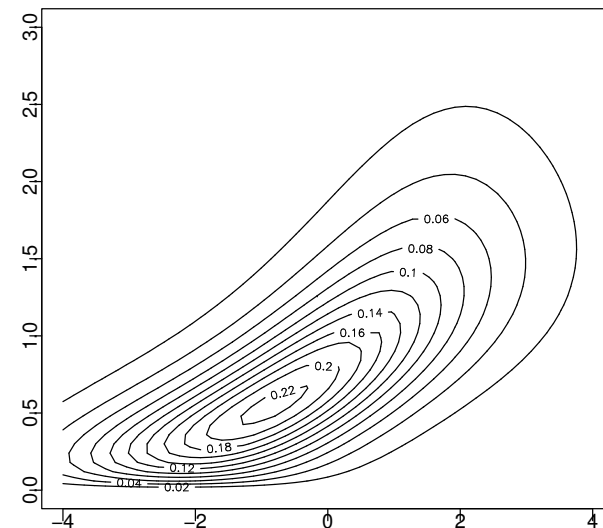
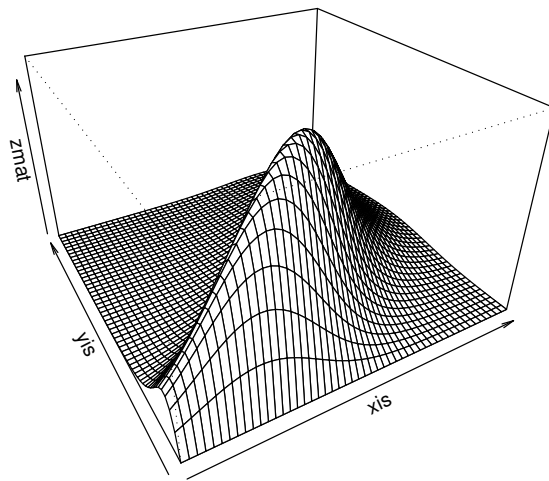
# Multivariate Dependence: gumbelCopula

```
> par(mfrow = c(1, 2), mgp = c(0, 0, 0))  
> persp(mv.gumb, dmvc, xis = seq(-4, 4,  
+       len = 51), yis = seq(0, 3, len = 51))  
> contour(mv.gumb, dmvc, xis = seq(-4,  
+       4, len = 51), yis = seq(0, 3, len = 51))
```



# Multivariate Dependence: frankCopula

```
> par(mfrow = c(1, 2), mgp = c(0, 0, 0))  
> persp(mv.fran, dmvdrc, xis = seq(-4, 4,  
+      len = 51), yis = seq(0, 3, len = 51))  
> contour(mv.fran, dmvdrc, xis = seq(-4,  
+      4, len = 51), yis = seq(0, 3, len = 51))
```



# Future Work

- Graphical diagnosis to select copula
- Stochastic volatilities
- Dynamic copulas
- Non-symmetric dependence structure
- Extreme value copulas
- Association and tail dependence
- Potential collaborators: please contact me.